# **DA-9280**

THREE NEEDLE (TWIN NEEDLE) FEED OFF THE ARM DOUBLE CHAIN STITCHER

Thank you very much for buying a BROTHER sewing machine. Before using your new machine, please read the safety instructions below and the explanations given in the instruction manual.

With industrial sewing machines, it is normal to carry out work while positioned directly in front of moving parts such as the needle and thread take-up lever, and consequently there is always a danger of injury that can be caused by these parts. Follow the instructions from training personnel and instructors regarding safe and correct operation before operating the machine so that you will know how to use it correctly.

### **SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**

#### 1. Safety indications and their meanings

This instruction manual and the indications and symbols that are used on the machine itself are provided in order to ensure safe operation of this machine and to prevent accidents and injury to yourself or other people.

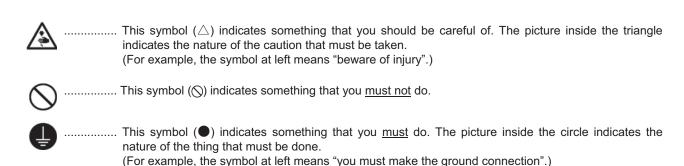
The meanings of these indications and symbols are given below.

#### **Indications**



The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions could cause injury when using the machine or physical damage to equipment and surroundings.

#### **Symbols**



# **A** CAUTION

### **Environmental requirements**

Use the sewing machine in an area which is free from sources of strong electrical noise such as electrical line noise or static electric noise.

Sources of strong electrical noise may cause problems with correct operation.

Any fluctuations in the power supply voltage should be within ±10% of the rated voltage for the machine. Voltage fluctuations which are greater than this may cause problems with correct operation.

The power supply capacity should be greater than the requirements for the sewing machine's power consumption.

Insufficient power supply capacity may cause problems with correct operation.

The ambient temperature should be within the range of 5°C to 35°C during use.

Temperatures which are lower or higher than this may cause problems with correct operation.

The relative humidity should be within the range of 45% to 85% during use, and no dew formation should occur in any devices.

Excessively dry or humid environments and dew formation may cause problems with correct operation.

In the event of an electrical storm, turn off the power and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet.

Lightning may cause problems with correct operation.

#### Installation

Machine installation should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.

The sewing machine weighs approximately 49 kg. The installation should be carried out by two or more people.

Do not connect the power cord until installation is complete, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is pressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to connect the ground. If the ground connection is not secure, you run a high risk of receiving a serious electric shock, and problems with correct operation may also occur. All cords should be secured at least 25 mm away from any moving parts. Furthermore, do not excessively bend the cords or secure them too firmly with staples.

If this is not observed, fire or electric shocks may result.

If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil, so that it does not get into your eyes or onto your skin. If care is not taken, inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the lubricating oil. Diarrhea or vomiting may result.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

jj DA-9280



### Sewing



This sewing machine should only be used by operators who have received the necessary training in safe use beforehand.



The sewing machine should not be used for any applications other than sewing.



Be sure to wear protective goggles when using the machine.

If goggles are not worn, there is the danger that if a needle breaks, parts of the broken needle may enter your eyes and injury may result.



Turn off the power switch at the following times.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When threading the needle
- When replacing the needle
- When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended



If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.



Attach all safety devices before using the sewing machine. If the machine is used without these devices attached, injury may result.



Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.



If an error occurs in machine operation, or if abnormal noises or smells are noticed, immediately turn off the power switch. Then contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.



If the machine develops a problem, contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.

### Cleaning



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil, so that it does not get into your eyes or onto your skin. If care is not taken, inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the lubricating oil. Diarrhea or vomiting may result.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.



Use only the proper replacement parts as specified by Brother.

### Maintenance and inspection



Maintenance and inspection of the sewing machine should only be carried out by a qualified technician.



Ask your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician to carry out any maintenance and inspection of the electrical system.



Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet at the following times.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When carrying out inspection, adjustment and maintenance
- When replacing consumable parts such as the looper



If the power switch needs to be left on when carrying out some adjustment, be extremely careful to observe all safety precautions.



Use only the proper replacement parts as specified by Brother.



If any safety devices have been removed, be absolutely sure to re-install them to their original positions and check that they operate correctly before using the machine.



Any problems in machine operation which result from unauthorized modifications to the machine will not be covered by the warranty.

DA-9280 iji

#### 3. Warning labels

★The following warning labels appear on the sewing machine.

Please follow the instructions on the labels at all times when using the machine.

If the labels have been removed or are difficult to read, please contact your nearest Brother dealer.

1

### **A** CAUTION



Moving parts may cause injury.

Operate with safety devices. Turn off main switch before threading, changing bobbin and needle, cleaning etc.

Safety devices:

- (A) Finger guard
- (B) Thread take-up cover
- (C) Pulley cover, etc.

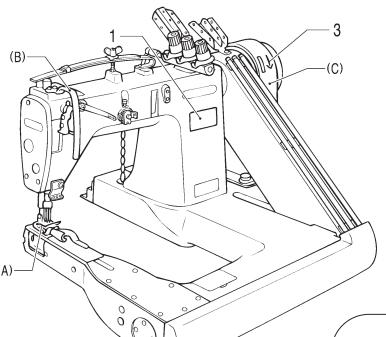
2



Be sure to connect the ground. If the ground connection is not secure, you run a high risk of receiving a serious electric shock, and problems with correct operation may also occur.

3

Direction of operation



Rear view>

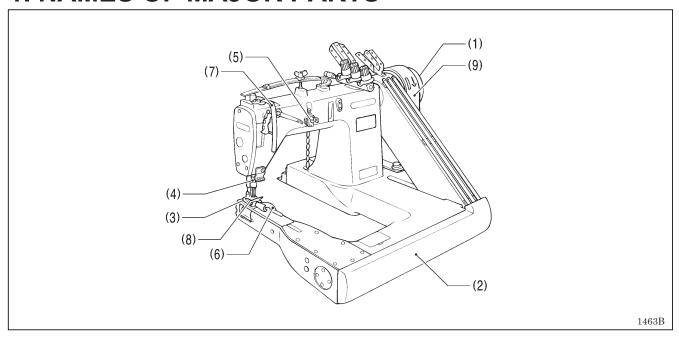
1462B 1544B

# **CONTENTS**

1. NAMES OF MAJOR PARTS 1	10. S
2. MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS 2	10-1.
3. OPTIONAL PARTS 2	10-2.
	10-3.
4. TABLE AND MOTOR 3	40.4
4-1. Table processing diagram3	10-4.
4-2. Motor	10-5.
<b>5. INSTALLATION</b> 5	10-6. 10-7.
5-1. Installing the machine head5	10-7.
5-2. Ground wire connections7	10-8.
5-3. Installing the pulley cover	10-9.
5-4. Belt tension adjustment	10-10
5-5. Assembling the cotton stand	10-11
5-7. Checking the machine pulley	10-12
rotating direction10	
6. PREPARATION BEFORE	10-13
<b>SEWING</b> 11	11. II
6-1. Needles and threads11	
6-2. Installing the needles11	Р
6-3. Threading the lower threads 12	12. T
6-4. Threading the upper threads12	
<b>7. SEWING</b>	
7-1. Sewing13	
A TUDEAD TENOLONI	
<b>8. THREAD TENSION</b> 14	
8. I HREAD I ENSION14 8-1. Adjusting the thread tension14	
8-1. Adjusting the thread tension14	
8-1. Adjusting the thread tension	

10. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS	18
10-1. Needle bar height adjustment	.18
10-2. Needle and looper timing adjustment	19
10-3. Timing of loopers running clear of needles	
	.20
10-4. Needle guard adjustment	.21
10-5. Feed dog height adjustment	.21
10-6. Tension release lever adjustment	.22
10-7. Upper thread take-up guide	
adjustment	.22
10-8. Upper thread nipper adjustment	.22
10-9. Tension release shaft adjustment	.23
10-10. Lower thread take-up timing adjustment	.23
10-11. Installing the lapper	.23
10-12. Puller height adjustment	
(Machines with puller)	.24
10-13. Puller timing adjustment	
(Machines with puller)	.24
11. INSTALLING OPTIONAL	
PARTS	25
12. TROUBLESHOOTING	27

# 1. NAMES OF MAJOR PARTS



- (1) Machine pulley
- (2) Front cover
- (3) Presser foot
- Safety devices (7) Thread take-up cover
  - (8) Finger guard
  - (9) Pulley cover

- (4) Needle bar
- (5) Upper thread nipper
- (6) Lapper

# 2. MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS

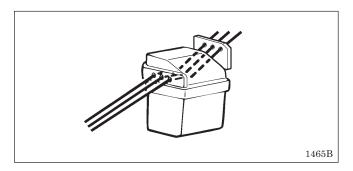


1464B

\*: When sewing at a speed of 4,000 rpm, the needle thread cooler (available as an option) should be used.

Specifications	DA-9280-5 DA-9280-7		DA-9280-C	DA-9	280-D		
Use	Heavy r	Heavy materials  Extra heavy materials (denim)		Heavy materials, with puller	Extra heavy materials (denim), with puller		
Max. sewing speed	4,00	0 rpm(Norn	ormally 3,600 rpm) 3,600 rpm				
No. of needles	2	3	2	3	3 3 2		3
Needle TV X 5		Z Nm130 eedle #21)	SCHMETZ Nm 140 SCHMETZ Nm130 SCHMETZ Nm 140 (Organ Needle #22) (Organ Needle #21) (Organ Needle #22)				
Needle gauge (mm)	4.8(3/16)	5.6(7/32) 6.4(1/4) 8.0(5/16) 9.6(3/8)	6.4(1/4)	6.4(1/4) 8.0(5/16) 9.6(3/8)	6.4(1/4)	6.4(1/4)	6.4(1/4) 8.0(5/16) 9.6(3/8)
Max. stitch length	4.2 mm						
Min. arm size	171 mm						

# 3. OPTIONAL PARTS

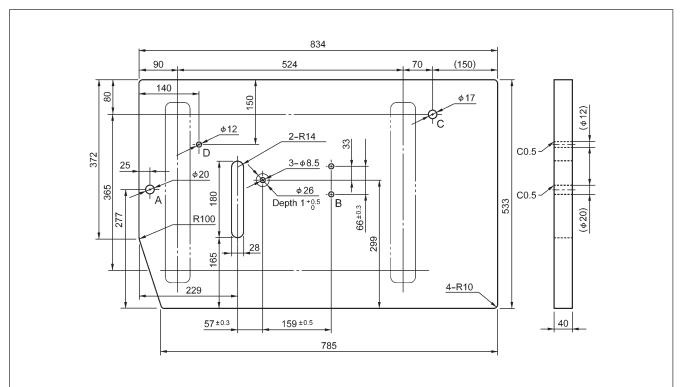


If the upper thread breaks due to heat, the needle thread cooler device (available as an option) should be used. (Refer to "11. INSTALLING OPTIONAL PARTS".)

# 4. TABLE AND MOTOR

### 4-1. Table processing diagram

- The top of the table should be 40 mm in thickness and should be strong enough to hold the weight and withstand the vibration of the sewing machine.
- · Drill holes as indicated in the illustration below.



- A: Chain hole
- B: Motor mounting holes (3 places)
- C: Cotton stand hole
- D: Ground hole

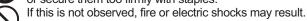
1655B

#### 4-2. Motor

# **A** CAUTION



All cords should be secured at least 25 mm away from any moving parts. Furthermore, do not excessively bend the cords or secure them too firmly with staples.





Install the correct belt cover which corresponds to the motor being used.

#### <Motor>

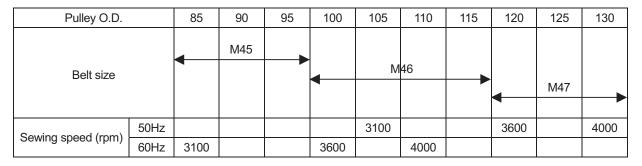
- Select the correct motor from those listed in the table below.
- · Refer to the instruction manual for the motor for details on installing and using the motor.

Power	Motor
Single-phase	2-pole, 400 W motor
Three-phase	2-pole, 400 W motor

#### <Motor pulley and V-belt>

For details on the relationship between the motor pulleys and belts, refer to the table below.

\* The belt should be an M-type V-belt.



### 5. INSTALLATION

# Λ

### CAUTION



Machine installation should only be carried out by a qualified technician.



Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.



The sewing machine weighs approximately 49 kg. The installation should be carried out by two or more people.



Do not connect the power cord until installation is complete, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



Be sure to connect the ground.

If the ground connection is not secure, you run a high risk of receiving a serious electric shock, and problems with correct operation may also occur.

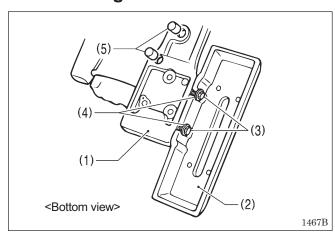


Install the pulley cover to the machine head.

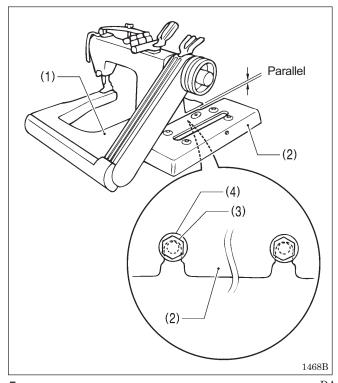
#### <Cautions regarding table and legs>

When installing the legs to the table, adjust the heights of the legs so that the machine head can be set up horizontally. If the machine head is not horizontal, it will adversely affect the lubrication of the needle bar mechanism, and seizing or abnormal wear may occur.

#### 5-1. Installing the machine head

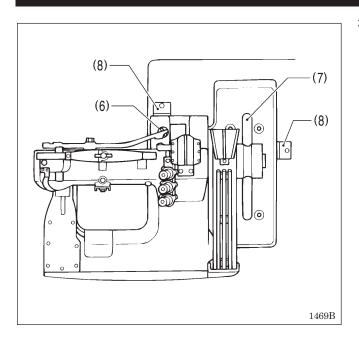


- 1. Install the pulley cover base (2) on the machine bed (1) with the two hexagonal bolts (3) and two washers (4).
- Insert the two bar cushions (5) into the holes in the bottom of the bed.

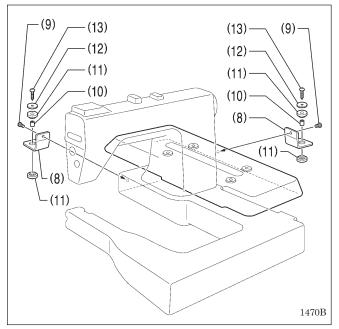


- When installing the pulley cover base (2), slide the two hexagonal bolts (3) as far as possible into the slots in the pulley cover base (2) and tighten them.
  - Furthermore, check that the pulley cover base (2) is parallel to the bed.

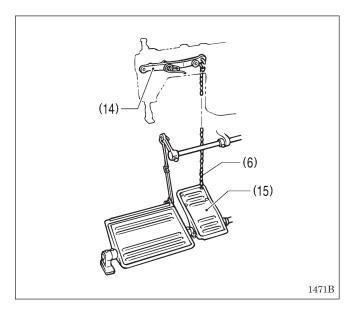
(If it is not parallel, the pulley cover may touch the machine pulley.)



3. Place the machine head on the table, adjust its position in forward and backward directions by aligning it with the hole for the presser foot lifter chain (6), and in sidewise directions by aligning it with the belt hole (7).

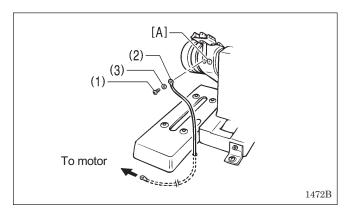


- 4. Install the two mounting plates (8) to the machine bed (1) and the pulley cover base (2) with the two set screws (9).
- 5. Secure the two collars (10), the four rubber cushions (11) and the two washers (12) to the table with the two screws (13) as shown in the illustration.



6. Connect the presser foot lifter chain (6) to the knee lifter lever (14) and the foot lifter pedal (15).

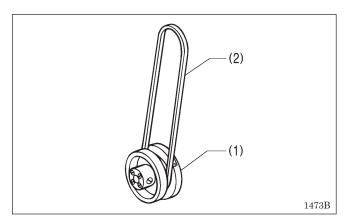
#### 5-2. Ground wire connections



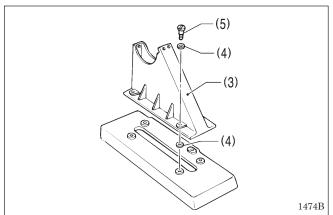
Connect the ground wire to the sewing machine head and motor.

- \* Use the correct type of ground wire and washer.
- 1. Remove the screw (1).
- Secure the ground wire (2) to the sewing machine head with the screw (1) and washer (3). (The attachment location is indicated by the ground symbol [A].)
- 3. Pass the ground wire (2) through the hole in the table.
- 4. Connect the ground wire (2) to the motor in accordance with the instructions in the instruction manual for the motor.

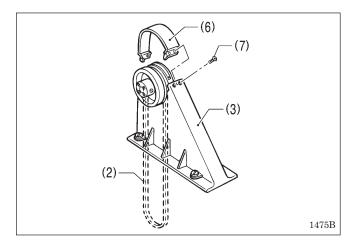
### 5-3. Installing the pulley cover



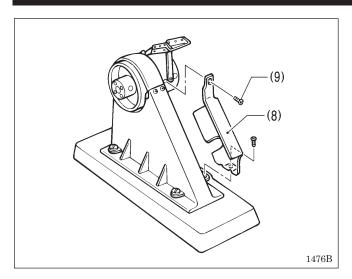
- 1. Place the belt (2) onto the machine pulley (1).
  - \* Pull the belt (2) upward when installing the pulley cover A (3).



2. Place the pulley cover A (3) so that it is in between the eight pulley cover sheets (4), and then secure it to the pulley cover base with the four screws (5).

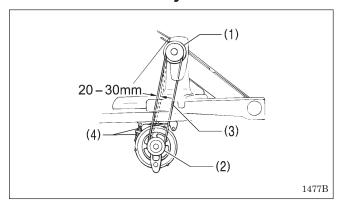


3. Push the belt (2) downward, and then install the pulley cover B (6) to the pulley cover A (3) with the three screws (7).



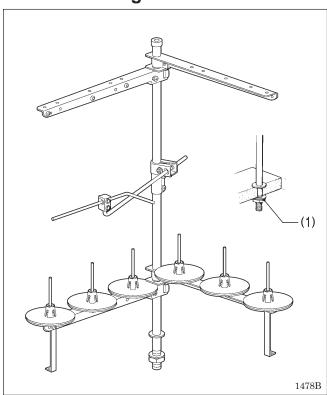
4. If the machine is being used with the puller attached, install the puller belt cover (8) with the two screws (9).

### 5-4. Belt tension adjustment



- 1. Place the V-belt (3) onto the machine pulley (1) and the motor pulley (2).
- 2. Turn the nuts (4) to adjust so that there is 20-30 mm of deflection in the V-belt (3) when it is pressed at the midway point with a force of 9.8 N.

### 5-5. Assembling the cotton stand



- Assemble the cotton stand while referring to the instruction manual for the cotton stand.
- 2. Install the cotton stand to the table with the nut (1).

#### 5-6. Lubrication

# **A** CAUTION

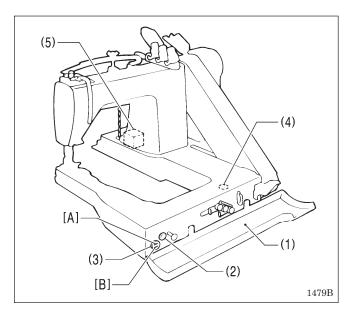


Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil, so that it does not get into your eyes or onto your skin. If care is not taken, inflammation can result.

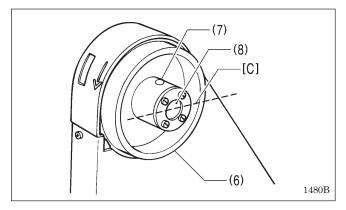
Furthermore, do not drink the lubricating oil. Diarrhea or vomiting may result.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

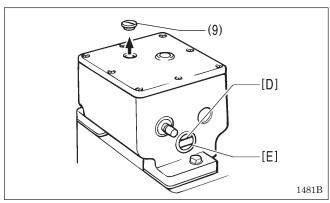
- The sewing machine should always be lubricated and the oil supply replenished before it is used for the first time, and also after long periods of non-use.
- · Use only the lubricating oil (NIPPON OIL CORPORATION Sewing Lube 15N; VG15) specified by Brother.
  - \* If this type of lubricating oil is difficult to obtain, the recommended oil to use is Exxon Mobil Essotex SM15, VG15.



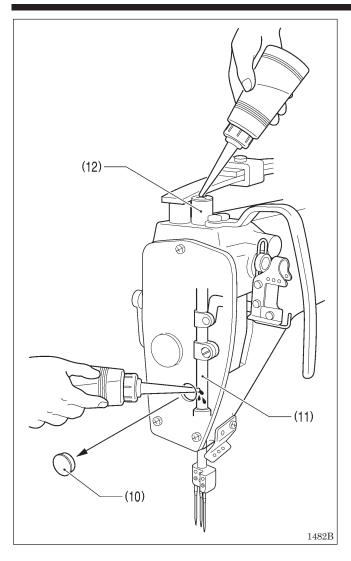
- 1. Open the front cover (1), remove the rubber cap (2), and then fill with oil until the oil level reaches the point in between the upper reference line [A] and the lower reference line [B] on the oil gauge (3).
  - \* If the oil level drops to the lower reference line [B], be sure to add more oil.
- 2. Insert the rubber cap (2) and then close the front cover (1).
- \* Periodically loosen the oil drain screw (4) to drain out any oil which collects in the front bed oil sump.
  - After draining the oil, tighten the oil drain screw (4).
- \* Periodically wipe away any oil which collects in the rear bed oil sump (5) with a cloth.



- 3. Turn the machine pulley (6), so that the oil feeding pipe cap (7) is facing upward, and then remove the oil feeding pipe cap (7) and fill the oil tank (8) with oil.
  - \* If the level of lubricating oil drops below the middle reference line [C] on the oil tank, no oil will be drawn into the upper shaft, and the upper shaft will thus not be lubricated sufficiently. Be sure to maintain the lubricating oil level at a level above the center reference line [C].
- 4. Attach the oil feeding pipe cap (7).



- If the machine is being used with the puller attached, remove the screw (9) and fill with oil until the level reaches the upper reference line [D] in the oil sight glass.
  - \* If the oil level drops to the lower reference line [E], be sure to add more oil. After lubrication is completed, tighten the screw (9).



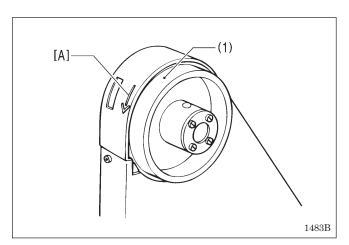
- 6. Remove the rubber cap (10).
- 7. Turn the machine pulley until the needle bar (11) is raised to the highest position.
- 8. Add 2-3 drops oil to the needle bar from the hole from which the rubber cap (10) was removed.
- 9. Insert the rubber cap (10).
- 10.Add 1-2 drops of oil to the needle bar bush lubrication hole (12).
  - \* Add 1-2 drops of oil to the needle bar bush lubrication hole (12) once a week.

### 5-7. Checking the machine pulley rotating direction

# **A** CAUTION



Do not touch any of the moving parts or place any objects against the machine while sewing machine is operating, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.



- Insert the power cord plug into the wall outlet, and then turn on the power switch.
- 2. Depress the treadle slightly and check that the machine pulley (1) starts to turn in the direction of the arrow [A].
  - \* If the direction of rotation is reversed, change the direction of rotation to the correct direction while referring to the instruction manual for the motor.
  - For the first 3 4 days of use, run the machine at 500 rpm lower than the usual speed. This will help contribute to a longer service life for the machine.

### 6. PREPARATION BEFORE SEWING

### 6-1. Needles and threads

The needle and threads to be used vary depending on sewing conditions. Select the correct ones by referring to the table below.

Needle TV×5	Thread	
Needle 1V^3	Upper thread	Lower thread
SCHMETZ Nm130 (Organ Needle #21)	spun yarn #30	spun yarn #30
SCHMETZ Nm140 (Organ Needle #22)	spun yarn #20	spun yarn #30

### 6-2. Installing the needles

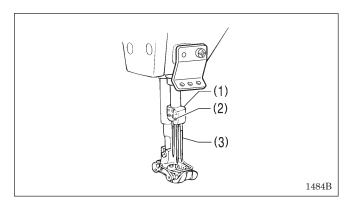




Turn off the power switch before installing the needle.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



- 1. Turn the machine pulley until needle clamp (1) is raised to the highest position.
- 2. Loosen the three set screws (2), hold the three needles (3) with their long grooved side facing front, insert them into the needle clamp (1) all the way, and fasten the needle with the three set screws (2).

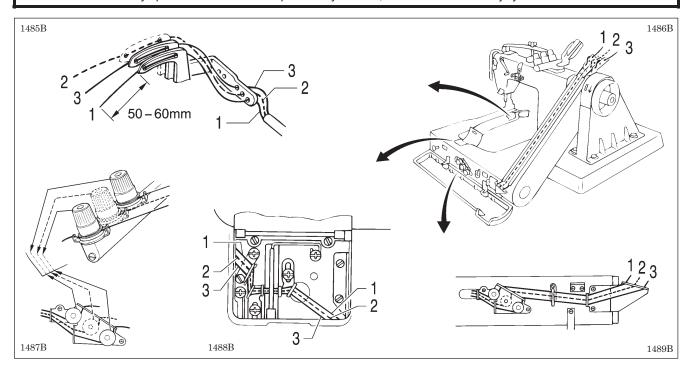
### 6-3. Threading the lower threads

# **A** CAUTION

Turn off the power switch before threading the lower thread.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



### 6-4. Threading the upper threads

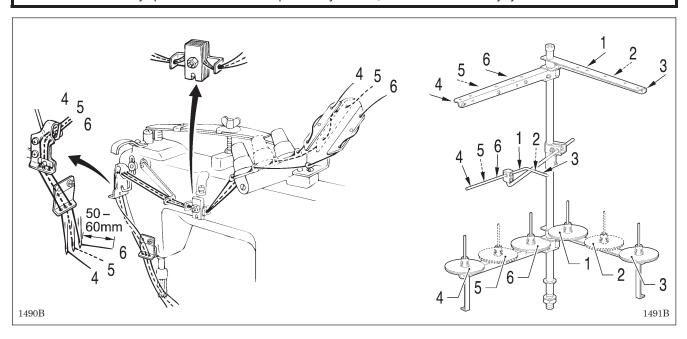
# **A** CAUTION



Turn off the power switch before threading the upper thread.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



### 7. SEWING

# **A** CAUTION



Attach all safety devices before using the sewing machine. If the machine is used without these devices attached, injury may result.



Turn off the power switch at the following times.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

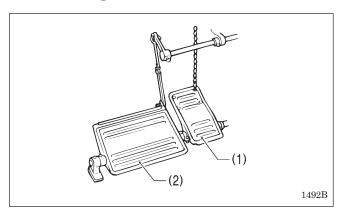
The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- When threading the needle
- · When replacing the needle
- When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended

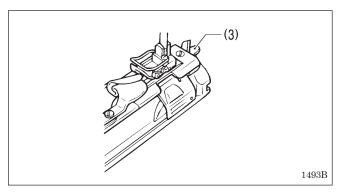


Do not touch any of the moving parts or place any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.

#### 7-1. Sewing



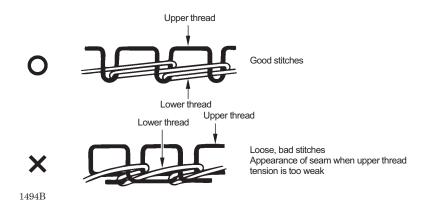
- 1. Turn on the power switch.
- 2. Depress the foot lifter pedal (1) and place the work under the presser foot.
- 3. Release the foot lifter pedal (1).
- 4. The machine starts running when the treadle (2) is stepped down

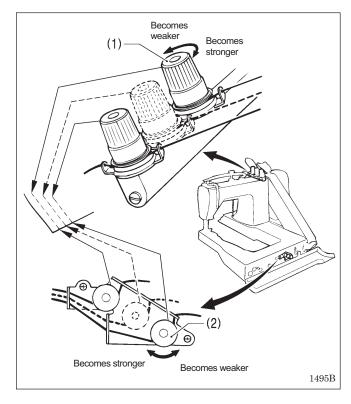


5. After sewing the work, move the work to the thread trimmer (3) to make blank stitches, and cut the thread with it.

### 8. THREAD TENSION

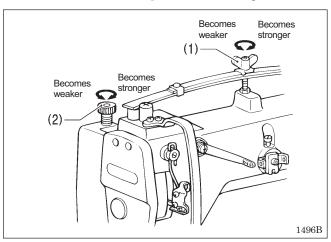
#### 8-1. Adjusting the thread tension





- Adjust the upper thread tension properly by turning the tension nut (1).
- 2. Adjust the lower thread tension properly by turning the tension nut (2).

### 8-2. Presser foot pressure adjustment



Adjust the presser foot pressure by turning wing nut (1) so that the pressure is just enough to feed the work positively and keep the work from slipping.

\* If the machine is being used with the puller attached, depending on works, the puller pressure can be adjusted as appropriate to the work by turning the presser adjust screw (2).

#### 8-3. Adjusting the stitch length

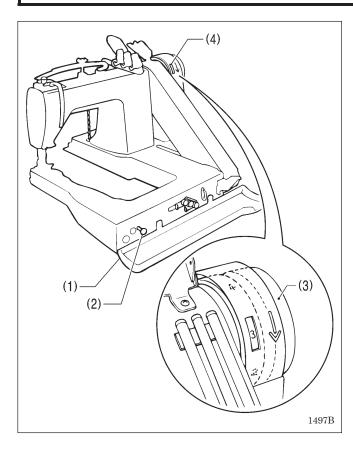
# **A** CAUTION



Turn off the power switch before adjusting the stitch length.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



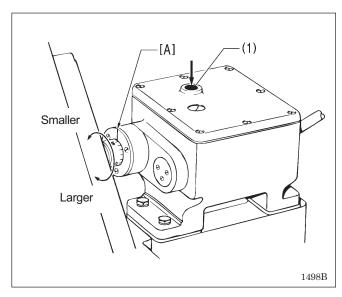
The numerals on the machine pulley scale represent the stitch length (mm), however the actual stitch length will vary depending on the type and thickness of material being used.

- 1. Open the front cover (1).
- 2. While pressing the feed adjustment button (2), turn the machine pulley (3) toward you slowly.
  - \* The feed adjustment button (2) will move further inward.
- 3. While still pressing the feed adjustment button (2), keep turning the machine pulley (3) until the desired numeral appears in the center of the pulley cover windows (4).
  - \* The higher the value of the numeral, the larger the stitch length becomes.
- 4. Release the feed adjustment button (2).
  - \* Check that the feed adjustment button (2) pops back out again.
- Adjust the needle guard. (Refer to "10-4. Needle guard adjustment".)
- 6. Close the front cover (1).

#### NOTE:

- Do not press the feed adjustment button (2) while the machine is operating, as doing so may damage the machine parts.
- Be sure to adjust the needle guard after changing the stitch length. If you use the sewing machine without adjusting the needle guard, skipped stitches may occur or the looper tip may become broken.

#### 8-4. Puller feed adjustment (Machines with puller)



- With the feed adjusting button (1) lightly pressed with your finger, turn the machine pulley toward yourself until the feed adjusting button (1) goes in one step deeper.
- Keep pressing the feed adjusting button (1), and turn the machine pulley to set your desired feed position on the scale to the reference line [A].
  - \* The more you turn the machine pulley toward yourself, the smaller the feed will be.
  - Adjust the puller feed after seeing the finished stitches of the work (Refer to the next page).

The table below shows samples of stitches made with a highly elastic fabric and a fabric which is not so elastic. Adjust the puller feed by referring to this table.

Correct  Neither non-alignment nor sewing wrinkles.  Insufficient  Non-aligned, and wrinkled.  Non-aligned, and wrinkled.	Puller feed	Fabric with high elasticity	Fabric with low elasticity
Insufficient  Non-aligned, and wrinkled.  Non-aligned, and wrinkled.	Correct	1	Feed direction
	Insufficient		Neither non-alignment nor sewing wrinkles.  1502B
Excessive  Non-aligned, and very wavy.  Non-aligned, and very wavy.	Excessive	1503B	1504B

#### 9. CLEANING

The following cleaning operations should be carried out each day in order to maintain the performance of this machine and to ensure a long service life. Furthermore, if the sewing machine has not been used for a long period of time, carry out the following cleaning procedures before using it again.

# **A** CAUTION



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning.

The motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

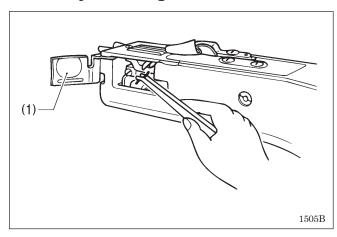


Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil, so that it does not get into your eyes or onto your skin. If care is not taken, inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the lubricating oil. Diarrhea or vomiting may result.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

#### 9-1. Daily cleaning



#### Cleaning the machine

- Open the looper cover (1) and clean away any thread scraps and other rubbish.
- 2. After cleaning, close the looper cover (1).

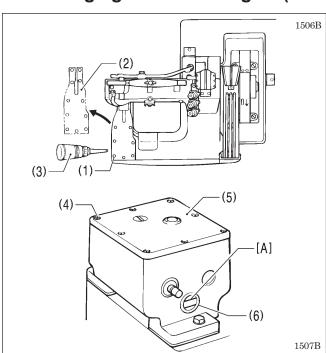
#### Lubrication

Refer to "5-6. Lubrication".

#### Checking

- Check that the threads are threaded correctly. (Refer to "6-3. Threading the lower threads", and "6-4. Threading the upper threads".)
- If the tips of the needles are broken, replace the broken needles.
- 3. Carry out a trial sewing.

### 9-2. Changing the lubricating oil (every three months)



The lubricating oil should be changed at least once every three months.

- 1. Remove the eleven screws (1), and then open the forward feed arm cover (2).
- 2. Draw up all of the lubricating oil inside the machine into the oil bottle (3).
- Fill the machine with oil until the oil level reaches the point in between the upper and lower reference lines on the oil gauge. (Refer to "5-6. Lubrication".)
- 4. Close the forward feed arm cover (2) and secure it with the eleven screws (1).

#### [Machines with puller]

- 1. Remove the eight screws (4), and then open the puller top cover (5).
- Draw up all of the lubricating oil inside the machine into the oil bottle (3).
- 3. Fill the machine with oil until oil level reaches the upper reference line [A] in the oil sight glass (6). (Refer to "5-6. Lubrication".)
- Close the puller top cover (5) and secure it with the eight screws (4).

### 10. STANDARD ADJUSTMENTS

# **A** CAUTION



Maintenance and inspection of the sewing machine should only be carried out by qualified personnel.



Ask your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician to carry out any maintenance and inspection of the electrical system.



Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet at the following times.

However, the motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

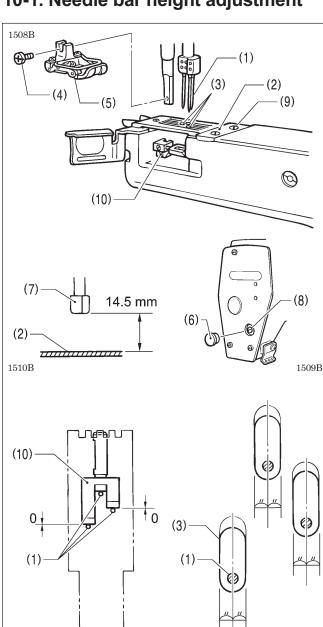
- · When carrying out inspection, adjustment and maintenance
- · When replacing consumable parts such as the looper



1511B

If any safety devices have been removed, be absolutely sure to re-install them to their original positions and check that they operate correctly before using the machine.

#### 10-1. Needle bar height adjustment



Adjust the heights of the needles (1).

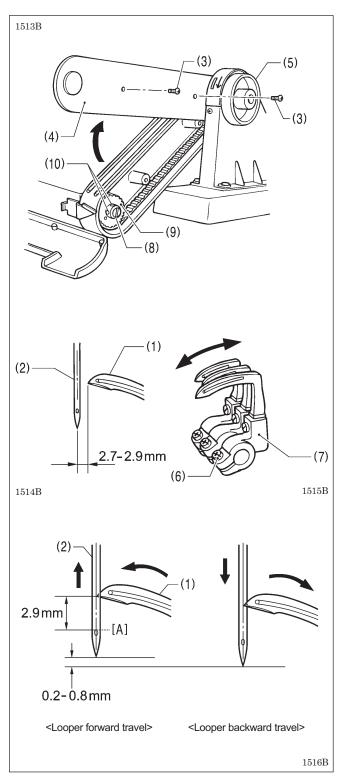
At this time, adjust so that each needle (1) is in the center of the needle hole (3) in the needle plate (2).

- 1. Remove the screw (4), and then remove the presser foot (5).
- Turn the machine pulley to drop the needle bar to its lowest position.
- 3. Remove the rubber cap (6).
- 4. Loosen the screw (8) and adjust so that the distance between the bottom of the needle clamp (7) and the top of the needle plate (2) is 14.5 mm.
  - \* Check that the distance between the points of the needles and the top of the needle plate (2) is 13.8 mm when the needle clamp (7) is raised to its highest position.
- 5. Remove the three screws (9), and then remove the needle plate (2).
- 6. Turn the machine pulley so that the needles (1) and the needle guard (10) are aligned, and then adjust the tilt of the needle clamp (7) so that there is no space between the left and right needles (1) and the needle guard (10) at this time.
- 7. Install the needle plate (2) with the three screws (9), and after checking that the needles (1) are in the centers of the needle holes (3), tighten the screw (8).
- 8. Insert the rubber cap (6).

1512B

9. Install the presser foot (5) with the screw (4).

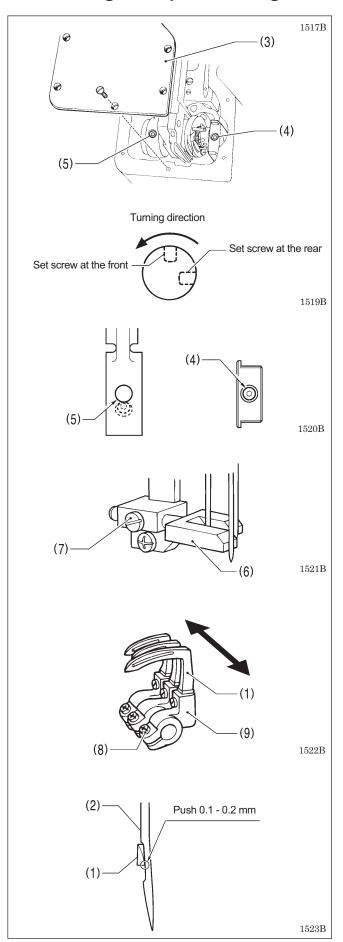
#### 10-2. Needle and looper timing adjustment



Adjust so that the height of the needle is 0.2 - 0.8 mm lower when the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center while the looper is moving backward than when the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center while the looper is moving forward.

- Remove the presser foot, needle plate and feed dogs. (Refer to "10-1. Needle bar height adjustment".)
- 2. Remove the two screws (3), and then open the belt cover plate (4).
- 3. Turn the machine pulley (5) toward yourself until loopers (1) reach the end of their backward travel.
- Loosen the screw (6) and move the looper holder (7) in the arrow direction until the distance between the needle (2) center and the looper (1) tip is 2.7 - 2.9 mm, and retighten the screw (6) securely.
- 5. Turn the machine pulley (5) toward you by hand until the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center while the looper is moving forward.
- Loosen cap screw (8), and then loosen two set screws (10) on lower belt wheel (9).
- 7. While holding the looper (1) so that the tip of the looper (1) does not move from the center of the needle (2), turn the machine pulley (5) toward you by hand to move the needle (2) up or down until the distance between the tip of the looper (1) to the top of the needle hole (A) is approximately 2.9 mm.
- 8. Tighten the two set screws (10) securely, and then tighten the cap screw (8).
- 9. Check that the needle height is 0.2 0.8 mm lower when the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center when the looper (2) starts moving backward and moves to the right, in comparison to the when the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center when the looper (2) starts moving forward and moves to the left.
  - \* If the adjustment is not correct, repeat the adjustment procedure from step 4, or check the needle height. (Refer to "10-1. Needle bar height adjustment".)
- 10. Close the belt cover plate (4), and then tighten the two screws (3).
- 11. Install the presser foot, needle plate and feed dogs.

#### 10-3. Timing of loopers running clear of needles



The loopers (1) run in back of the needles (2) in their forward travel and in front of the needles (2) in their backward travel. At this time, adjust so that the needles (2) are pushed by 0.1 - 0.2 mm when the loopers (1) move forward.

- 1. Remove forward feed arm cover (3).
- 2. Adjust so that the set screw at the rear of the looper oscillating cam relative to the turning direction is positioned forward of the adjustment hole (5) in the looper connecting rod and is no longer visible in the hole when the set screw at the rear relative to the forward/back cam turning direction is aligned with the adjustment hole (4) in the cam sleeve.
  - \* To adjust, loosen the set screw which is at the front relative to the forward/back cam turning direction, and then loosen the set screw at the rear just enough so that the forward/back cam can be adjusted.
- 3. After adjusting, tighten the two set screws.

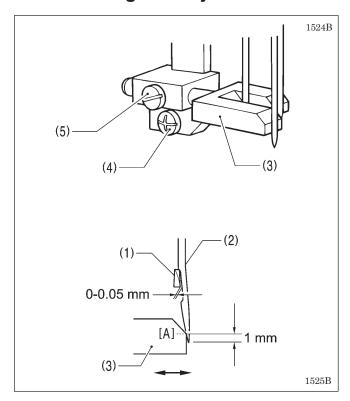
- 4. Loosen the set screw (7) of the needle guard (6), and then move the needle guard (6) to a position where it does not touch the needle (2).
- 5. Loosen the screw (8) and move the looper holder (9) in the direction of the arrow to adjust so that the looper (1) pushes the needle (2) by 0.1 0.2 mm when the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center.

#### NOTE:

At this time, do not move the looper holder (9) in any direction except the direction indicated by the arrow. If it is moved in another direction, carry out the adjustments given in "10-2. Needle and looper timing adjustment".

- Carry out the adjustment given in "10-4. Needle guard adjustment".
- 7. Install the forward feed arm cover (3).

#### 10-4. Needle guard adjustment



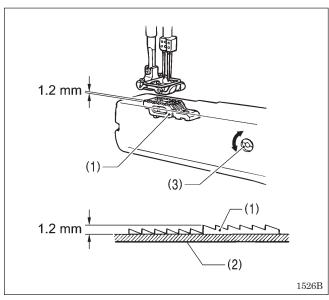
Adjust so that the needle (2) is pushed by the needle guard (3) and the clearance between the needle (2) and the looper (1) tip is 0 - 0.05 mm when the actual stitch length has been set and the looper (1) moves forward and meets the needle (2).

- 1. Set the actual stitch length. (Refer to "8-3. Adjusting the stitch length".)
- 2. Turn the machine pulley toward you by hand until the looper (1) tip is aligned with the needle (2) center while the looper is moving forward.
- 3. Loosen the set screw (4), and then move the needle guard (3) up or down to adjust so that the distance between the ridge line [A] of the needle guard (3) tip and the needle (2) tip
- 4. Tighten the set screw (4).
- 5. Loosen the set screw (5) and then move the needle guard (3) to the left or right to adjust so that the needle (2) is pushed by the needle guard (3) and the clearance between the needle (2) and the looper (1) tip is 0 - 0.05 mm.
- 6. Tighten the set screw (5).

#### NOTE:

Be sure to adjust the needle guard (3) after changing the stitch length. If you use the sewing machine without adjusting the needle guard (3), skipped stitches may occur or the looper tip may become broken.

#### 10-5. Feed dog height adjustment



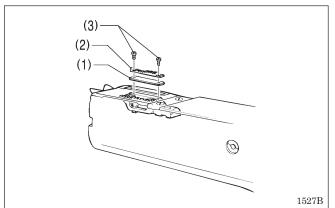
Make an adjustment so that the highest part of the feed dog (1) will be 1.2 mm above the top surface of the needle plate (2) when the feed dog (1) is at the highest position.

Adjust the height of the feed dog (1) by turning the feed bar eccentric shaft (3).

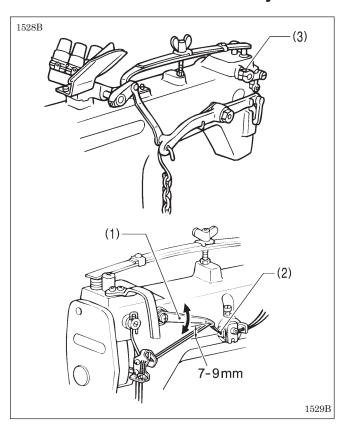
# Installing the Spacer (For the denim specifications)

If stitch irregularities develop in sewing very heavy materials, adjust the sub-feed dog to the correct height by installing the

- 1. Remove the two screws (3) and then remove the sub-feed
- 2. Place the spacer (1) under the sub-feed dog (2) and retighten the two screws (3).
  - \* The spacer (1) is in the parts box.



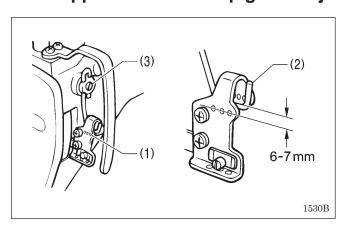
#### 10-6. Tension release lever adjustment



Adjust so that the center of the tension release lever (1) thread hole is 7 - 9 mm above the center of the thread hole in the upper thread tension bracket (2) when the needle bar is at its lowest position.

- Turn the machine pulley until the needle bar is down at the lowest position.
- Loosen the screw (3) and then move the tension release lever (1) up or down to adjust so that the center of the tension release lever (1) thread hole is 7 - 9 mm above the center of the thread hole in the upper thread tension bracket (2).
- 3. Retighten the screw (3).
  - \* The higher the tension release lever (1), the tighter will be the stitches.

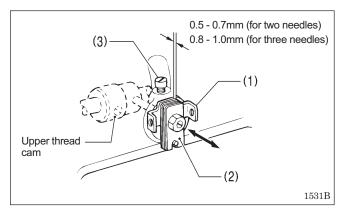
#### 10-7. Upper thread take-up guide adjustment



Adjust the distance between the center of the upper thread take-up hole (1) and the top of the upper thread take-up guide (2) will be 6 - 7 mm.

- Turn the machine pulley toward yourself until the needle bar is down at the lowest position.
- 2. Loosen the screw (3), and then move the upper thread take-up guide (2) up or down to adjust so that the distance from the top of the upper thread take-up guide (2) to the center of the upper thread take-up hole (1) is 6 7 mm.
  - \* The higher the upper thread take-up guide (2) positions, the greater the upper thread loops will be.
- 3. Tighten the screw (3).

### 10-8. Upper thread nipper adjustment

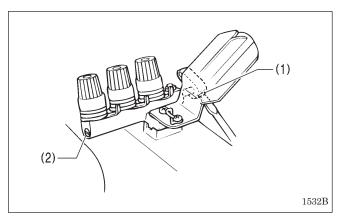


Adjust so that the maximum clearance between the upper thread tension bracket (1) and the lower thread tension plate (2) is 0.5 - 0.7 mm (for two needles) or 0.8 - 1.0 mm (for three needles).

Loosen the set screw (3), and then move the upper thread tension bracket (1) in or out to adjust so that the maximum clearance between the upper thread tension bracket (1) and the lower thread tension plate (2) is 0.5 - 0.7 mm (for two needles) or 0.8 - 1.0 mm (for three needles).

\* The thread tension will become better if the clearance between the upper thread tension bracket (1) and the lower thread tension plate (2) is reduced.

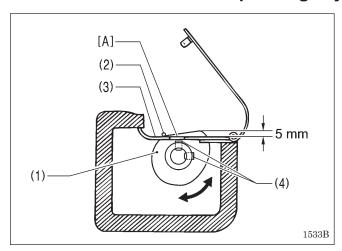
#### 10-9. Tension release shaft adjustment



Adjust the tension release shaft so that the tension discs loosen when the presser foot is raised and tighten when the presser foot is lowered.

- 1. Loosen set screw (1).
- 2. Make an adjustment by turning the tension release shaft (2) so that the tension discs begin to loosen when the presser foot rises 4 mm above the top of the needle plate.
- 3. After the adjustment, retighten the set screw (1) securely.

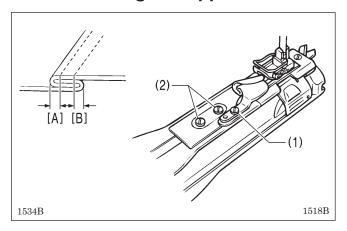
#### 10-10. Lower thread take-up timing adjustment



Adjust so that the lower thread take-up (1) touches the thread (2) and is raised 5 mm above the lower thread take-up base (3) when the looper starts moving backward.

- 1. Insert the screwdriver through the adjusting hole [A] in the lower thread take-up base (3), and loosen the two set screws (4).
- 2. Raise the lower thread take-up (1) until it is 5 mm up from the thread take-up base (3).
- 3. After the adjustment, retighten the two set screws (4) securely.

#### 10-11. Installing the lapper



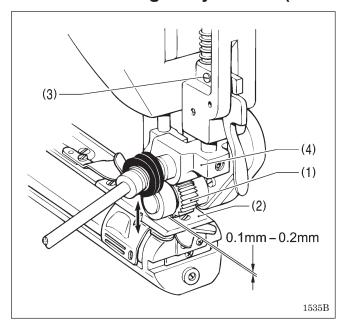
Insert the lapper guide plate from the front into the oval slot in the forward feed arm cover, making sure that the end of the lapper is clear of the presser foot.

#### Lapper adjustment

Adjust felling distance of point [A] by loosing the screw (1). After the adjustment, retighten the screw (1).

Adjust felling distance of point [B] by losing the two screws (2). After the adjustment, retighten the two screws (2).

### 10-12. Puller height adjustment (Machines with puller)

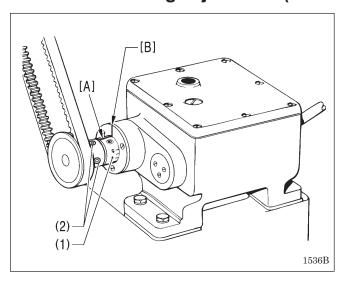


Adjust the height of the puller (1) so that it is 0.1 to 0.2 mm high from the top of the needle plate (2).

Loosen the screw (3), and move the puller support (4) up or down until the puller (1) is 0.1 to 0.2 mm above the top of the needle plate (2).

After the adjustment, retighten the screw (3).

#### 10-13. Puller timing adjustment (Machines with puller)



Make an adjustment so that, when the needle bar is down at the lowest position, the mark [A] on the timing collar (1) is in line with the reference line [B].

- 1. Turn the machine pulley toward yourself until the mark [A] on the timing collar (1) meets the reference line [B].
- Loosen the two set screws (2), and turn the machine pulley toward yourself until the needle bar is lowered all the way down.
- 3. Retighten the two set screws (2).

# 11. INSTALLING OPTIONAL PARTS

# **A** CAUTION



Installation of optional parts should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

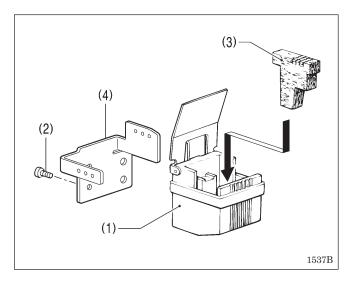
Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet before installing optional parts.

The motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

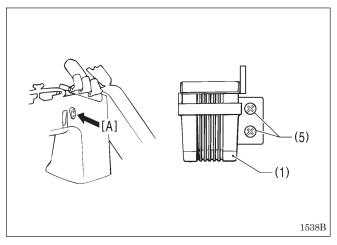
The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

The parts shown in the illustration below are necessary when installing the needle thread cooler.

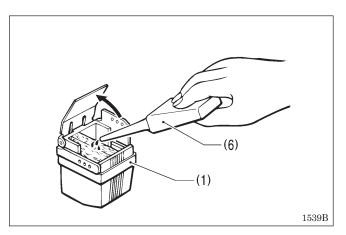
Needle thread cooler				
	NAME OF PARTS	Q'TY	CODE	
(1)	Thread cooler tank assembly	1	S58045-001	
(2)	Taptite, Cup B M3×12	2	087311-216	
(3)	Felt	1	S08761-100	
(4)	Thread guide	1	S58047-001	
(5)	Screw, Pan SM 4.37-40×7	2	062680-712	
(6)	Silicone oil	1	S06704-001	



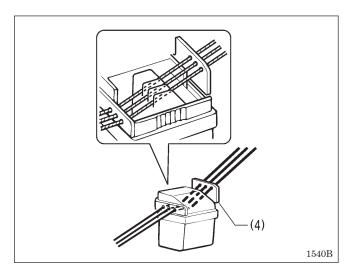
- 1. Install the thread cooler tank assembly (1) to the thread guide (4) with the two screws (2).
- 2. Insert the felt (3) into the thread cooler tank assembly (1).



3. Install the thread cooler tank assembly (1) to the part [A] of the arm with the two screws (5).



4. Fill the thread cooler tank assembly (1) with the silicone oil (6).



5. Pass the thread through the thread guide (4).

# 12. TROUBLESHOOTING

- If there is a problem with operation, first check that the threads are correctly threaded and that the needle is correctly installed.
- Please check the following points before calling for repairs or service.
- If the following remedies do not fix the problem, turn off the power switch and consult a qualified technician or the place of purchase.

### **A** CAUTION

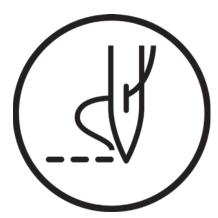
Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet before carrying out troubleshooting. The motor will keep turning even after the power is switched off as a result of the motor's inertia. Wait until the motor stops fully before starting work.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Problem	Cause	Remedy	Page
Upper thread is not tight.	The upper thread tension is too weak.	Adjust the upper thread tension.	14
	The lower thread tension is too strong.	Adjust the lower thread tension.	14
	The position of the upper thread take-up guide is incorrect.	Adjust the upper thread take-up guide position correctly.	22
	The lower thread tension plate clearance of the upper thread nipper is incorrect.	Adjust the lower thread tension plate clearance of the upper thread nipper correctly.	22
	The tension release lever position is incorrect.	Adjust the tension release lever position correctly.	22
Skipped stitches occur     while sewing	The needle is not properly installed.	Install the needle correctly.	11
	The looper points are dull.	Replace the loopers with good ones.	19
	The needle and looper timing is incorrect.	Adjust the needle and looper timing correctly.	19
	The clearance between the needles and loopers are incorrect.	Adjust the clearance between the needles and loopers correctly.	20
1541B	The lower thread take-up timing is incorrect.	Adjust the lower thread take-up timing correctly.	23
Seam position is incorrect.	The puller timing is incorrect.	Adjust the puller timing.	24
(Machines with puller)	The puller feed is incorrect.	Adjust the puller feed.	15
	The presser foot pressure is incorrect.	Adjust the presser foot pressure.	14
	The feed dog height is incorrect.	Adjust the feed dog height.	21
Seam position is incorrect.	The sub-feed dog height is incorrect.	Adjust the sub-feed dog height.	21
	The presser foot pressure is incorrect.	Adjust the presser foot pressure.	14
	The feed dog height is incorrect.	Adjust the feed dog height.	21

Problem	Cause	Remedy	Page
Machine does not feed work.	The feed dog is too low.	Adjust the feed dog height.	21
	The presser foot pressure is too small.	Adjust the presser foot pressure.	14
	The feed dog is worn out.	Have serviceman check it.	_
	The presser foot floats and does not fully press work.	Have serviceman check it.	_
	The feed dog and presser foot work on one side only.	Have serviceman check it.	_
Upper and lower threads are breaking.	The needle is bent or the needle tip is broken.	Replace the needle.	11
	The needle is not properly installed.	Install the needle correctly.	11
	The needle is not properly threaded.	Thread the needle correctly.	12
	The upper or lower thread tension is too weak or too strong.	Adjust the upper thread or lower thread tension.	14
	The lower thread tension plate clearance of the upper thread nipper is incorrect.	Adjust the lower thread tension plate clearance of the upper thread nipper correctly.	22
	The needle holes are too small for threads.	Check the needle and thread counts.	11
1542B	The loopers are damaged.	Smooth the loopers with an oiled grindstone or replace the damaged parts.	19
7. Broken needles	The material is being pushed or pulled with excessive force during sewing.	Do not push or pull the material with excessive force.	_
	The needle is not properly installed.	Install the needle correctly.	11
	The needle tip is bent.	Replace the needle.	11
1543B	The needle tip is broken, or the needle hole is blocked.	Replace the needle.	11
	Needles hit the loopers.	Adjust the timing of the loopers running clear of the needles.	20
	The needle holes are too small for threads.	Check the needle and thread counts.	11
	needle breaks, search for all pieces unti	y pieces of broken needle sticking in the ma il the whole of the needle is found again. ugh steps be taken to account for such needle	





取扱説明書
INSTRUCTION MANUAL
使用说明书
MANUAL DE INSTRUCCIONES

ブラザー工業株式会社 http://www.brother.co.jp/

〒467-8561 名古屋市瑞穂区苗代町15番1号 TEL: (0120) 33-2392

BROTHER INDUSTRIES, LTD. http://www.brother.com/

15-1, Naeshiro-cho, Mizuho-ku, Nagoya 467-8561, Japan. Phone: 81-52-824-2177