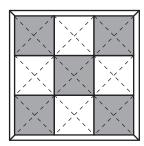
# Basic Quilting Guide – Making a Quilt –



# 1 Preparing Materials and Equipment

O Fabric	We	recommend	100%	cotton	that i	s not to	oo thic	ck.

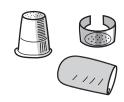
the type appropriate for the desired purpose and use.

O Quilting pencil (erasable pen, etc.) ... Use to copy patterns onto fabric and to draw quilting lines.

O Thimble ...... Use to protect your fingers when

quilting.

Place a thimble on the middle finger of your right hand to push the needle and on the middle or index finger of your left hand to stop the needle.

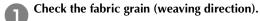




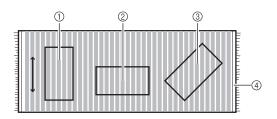
- O Thread clipper
- O Iron/press
- O Measuring stick

# 2 Cutting Pieces (Fabric)

Refer to "Cutting Around Drawings" in the Operation Manual to specify a seam allowance and draw the pattern lines, and then cut out the pieces. Be sure to observe the following instructions.



Lengthwise-grain Hard to stretch fabric Crosswise-grain Slightly stretched fabric Bias-grain fabric Easy to stretch







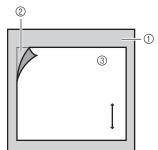


- (1) Lengthwise-3 grain fabric ② Črosswise
  - grain fabric ③ Bias-grain fabric
  - ④ Selvage
- \* When making pieces from patterned fabric, the pattern has priority over the fabric grain.
- \* Observe the fabric grain on the pattern if it is indicated.



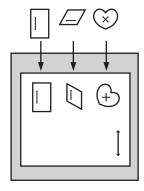


If a seam allowance will be drawn, attach the fabric with the wrong side facing up. Align the lengthwise grain with the insertion direction.



- (1) Standard mat
- High tack adhesive fabric support sheet (An additional purchase may be required depending on the machine model.)
- ③ Wrong side of fabric

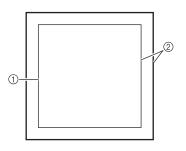
- Select the patterns, and then arrange them. If the fabric grain and pattern angle are not aligned, rotate the pattern.
  - \* Pre-installed patterns will automatically be arranged with their grain along the lengthwise grain of the fabric.



Specify the seam allowance. Widths that can be specified with this machine: 3 mm, 5mm, 1/4", 7mm, 10mm, 1/2", 5/8"

#### Standard seam allowance

Patchwork	5 mm (3/16"), 1/4", 7 mm
Appliqué	3 mm (1/8"), 5 mm (3/16")



- ① Stitching line
- Seam allowance

# 3 Basic Hand Sewing Techniques



#### Memo .

• If you are using a sewing machine to make the quilt, refer to your machine's instruction manual for information about the straight stitch, reverse/reinforcement stitch and appliqué stitch. When sewing pieces together without sewing reverse/ reinforcement stitches, sew fine stitches, which have a short stitch length.

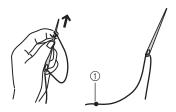
#### **Thread knot**

Make a knot at the end of the thread to secure it.

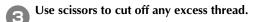
Wind the thread 2 or 3 times around the needle.



Hold the wound thread and pull out the needle.



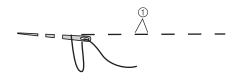
① Thread knot



## **Running stitch**

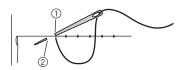
① 2 mm (1/16 inch)

Sew fine stitches when sewing pieces together.



#### **Blindstitch**

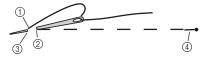
Attach appliqués so that threads are imperceptible.



- ① Insert the needle
- 2 Feed out the needle

#### **Backstitch**

At the beginning and end of stitching, sew one backstitch, and then secure the thread to prevent it from becoming loose.



- 1) Feed out the needle
- ② Insert the needle
- ③ Feed out the needle
- (4) Backstitch

#### French knot

At the end of stitching, sew a backstitch, make a knot, and then cut the thread.

Place the needle at the end of stitching.



- ① Backstitch
- Wind the thread twice around the needle, hold the wound thread with your finger, and then pull out the needle.

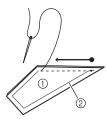


## Seam starting or ending point

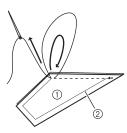
When sewing pieces together, sew to the corner of the stitching line.

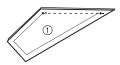


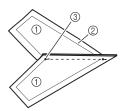
Sew the pieces together. At the beginning of stitching, make a knot in the thread, insert the needle in front of the stitching line, and then sew one backstitch.



- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Stitching line
- At the end of stitching, sew one backstitch, and then make a french knot at the corner.







- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Stitching line
- 3 End point

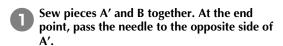
#### Set in seam

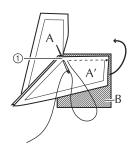
Continuously sew together multiple pieces of fabric by sewing each side without cutting the thread.



: Right side of fabric

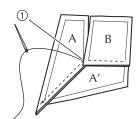
: Wrong side of fabric





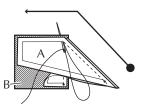
① End point

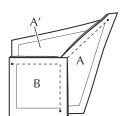
Feed the needle out to the end point of A.



① Start point

Overlap A and B, and then continue sewing.

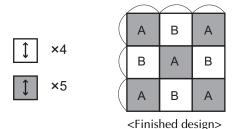




# 4 Sewing Pieces Together to Make the Top (Patchwork)

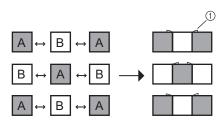
Using two types of fabric, prepare 4 square pieces from one and 5 from the other. (Refer to the illustration below.)

Cut the pieces with a seam allowance.



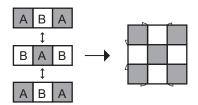
Sewing order

Sew pieces together into rows.
Fold over seam allowances in alternating directions.



(1) Seam allowance

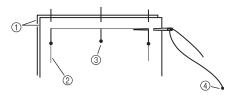
Sew the rows together to complete it.



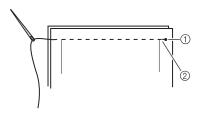
## **Sewing method**

Align the pieces with their right sides together, and then pin them.

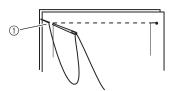
At the beginning of stitching, insert the needle one stitch in front of the stitching line.



- ① Right sides together
- ② Stitching line
- ③ Pin
- 4 Thread knot
- Sew one backstitch, and then continue sewing a running stitch.



- ① Thread knot
- ② Backstitches
- At the end of the stitching, sew one backstitch.

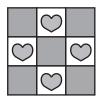


- ① Backstitches
- Make a French knot.



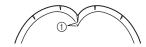
- ① French knot
- ② Thread knot

# Sewing appliqués



<Finished design>

- Cut the appliqué pieces with a seam allowance applied.
  (Example: 4 hearts)
- Make cuts 1 mm (1/16 inch) from the stitching line.

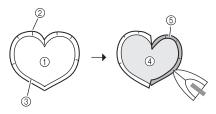


① 1 mm (1/16 inch)

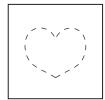


#### Note

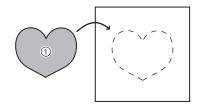
- Make more cuts in tight curves.
- Place the pattern on the appliqué piece, and then fold over the seam allowance using an iron or press.



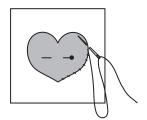
- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Cut
- Stitching line
- Pattern
- S Right side of fabric
- Mark the base fabric.



Remove the pattern, and then place the appliqué piece on the base fabric.



- ① Right side of fabric
- Attach the appliqué piece to the base fabric with blindstitching.



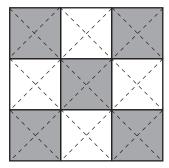
# 5 Drawing Quilting Lines

After the top (patchwork) is finished, draw the quilting lines. Use a quilting pencil or erasable pen to lightly draw the lines. Draw with a light color on dark fabric.

## Sample quilting lines

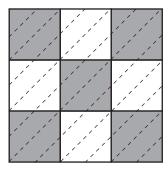
#### Diagonal grid

Quilt a diagonal grid. This is frequently used to securely sew the fabric together.



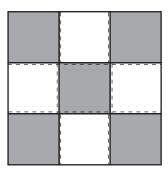
#### Diagonals

Quilt parallel diagonal lines.



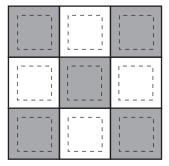
#### In-the-ditch

Quilt at the edge of the pieces on the sides where the seam allowance was not folded onto.



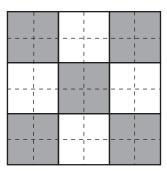
#### **Outline**

Quilt 3 to 4 mm (1/8 to 3/16 inch) inside the edge of each piece.



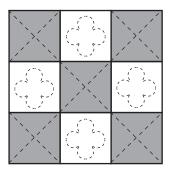
#### Grid

Quilt a vertical and a horizontal line through the center of each piece.



#### **Block**

Quilt patterns.

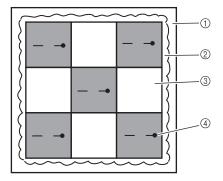


# 6 Basting

After drawing the quilting lines, overlap the backing fabric, quilt batting and top (patchwork), in order, and then baste them together.



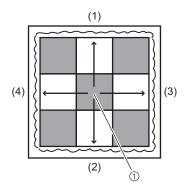
Prepare quilt batting and backing fabric 3 to 4 cm (1-3/16 to 1-9/16 inches) larger than the top, overlap the three layers, and then secure them with pins.



- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Quilt batting
- ③ Тор
- 4 Pin

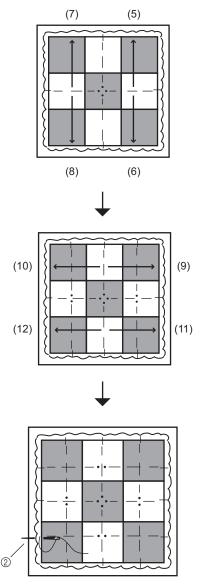


From the center to the outside, baste a grid pattern in the order shown in the illustration. At the beginning of stitching, make a thread knot. At the end of stitching, sew a backstitch, and then cut the thread.



① Beginning of stitching





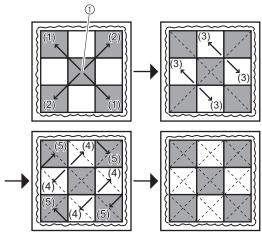
- ② Backstitch
- \* When quilting small items, basting pins can also be used.



# 7 Quilting

# **Quilting order**

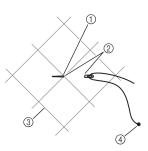
From the center to the outside, sew symmetrically in the order shown in the illustration.



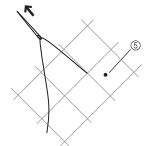
Beginning of stitching

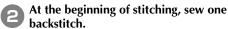
## **Beginning stitching**

Insert the needle a short distance from the beginning, and then pull the thread to bring the knot between the top and backing fabric in order to hide it.

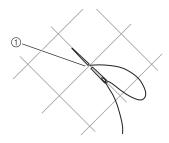


- ① Start of quilting
- ② 2 to 3 cm (3/4 to 1-3/16 inches)
- ③ Quilting lines
- 4 Thread knot
- ⑤ The thread knot is inside.





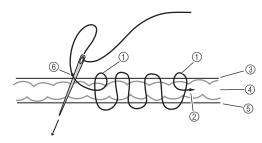
Be sure to pass the needle through the three layers (top, quilt batting and backing fabric) when quilting.



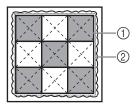
① Backstitch

## **Ending stitching**

Sew one backstitch, make a french knot, and then insert the needle into the same hole again to bring the knot between the top and backing fabric in order to hide it.



- ① Backstitches
- ② Thread knot
- 3 Top
- 4 Quilt batting
- ⑤ Back of fabric
- 6 French knot
- After quilting and removing the basting stitching, cut off the excess backing fabric and quilt batting, leaving for the bias tape a finished width of 7 mm (1/4 inch) from the edge of the top (patchwork).



- 1 Top (patchwork)
- ② Cut off, leaving for the bias tape a finished width from the edge of the top.

# 8 Binding (Finishing Fabric Edges)

After quilting, cover the edges with bias tape to finish them.

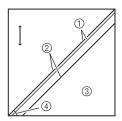
### Making bias tape

Make bias tape with a finished width of 7 mm (1/4 inch).

Draw a 35-mm-wide (1-3/8 inches) strip at a 45° angle on the fabric, and then cut it out.

Draw a line 7 mm (1/4 inch) from the edge of the bias tape.

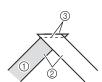
Sew the strips together to a length of 15 to 20 cm (6 to 8 inches) plus the length of the four sides of the quilt.



- ① 7 mm (1/4 inch)
- ② 35 mm (1-3/8 inches)
- ③ Wrong side of fabric
- 45°

## **Connecting bias tape sections**

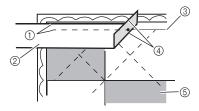
With their right sides together, align the ends of two sections, and then sew them together with 7 mm (1/4 inch) seam allowance.



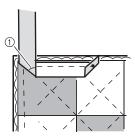
- ① Right side of fabric
- ② Right sides together
- ③ 7 mm (1/4 inch)

#### **Binding**

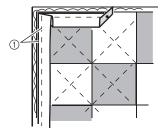
Align the 7 mm (1/4 inch) line with the stitching line of the quilt, and then sew. Fold over 1 cm (3/8 inch) of the end of the bias tape.



- ① 7 mm (1/4 inch)
- ② Wrong side of bias tape
- ③ Stitching line
- 4 Fold over 1 cm (3/8 inch).
- (5) Right side of quilt
- At the corner, fold the bias tape out at a 45° angle.

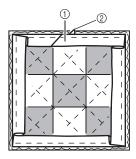


- ① 45°
- As shown in the illustration, fold it at a 90° angle, and then sew along the 7 mm (1/4 inch) line.



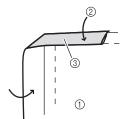
① 7 mm (1/4 inch)

In the same way, sew all along the edges and return to the folded back end of the bias tape. Cut off any excess bias tape.

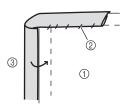


- ① Overlap the fold.
- ② Excess bias tape
- Turn the quilt over, cover the seam allowance with the bias tape, and then finish it with blindstitching.

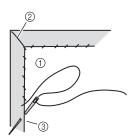
The corner will be mitered as shown in the illustration.



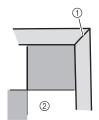
- Wrong side of fabric
   Fold in three
- ③ Right side of bias tape



- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Blindstitch
- ③ Fold in three



- ① Wrong side of fabric
- ② Mitered③ Blindstitch



- ① Mitered
- ② Right side of quilt



#### Memo .

Binding sewn with a sewing machine will be securely attached. With binding sewn by hand, secure with a half-backstitch.