

Fiscal Year 2024 (ending March 31, 2025) First Quarter Financial Results

August 6, 2024 Brother Industries, Ltd.

Akira Nakashima

Executive Officer, Responsible for Finance & Accounting Dept.

Information on this report, other than historical facts, refers to future prospects and performance, and has been prepared by our Management on the basis of information available at the time of the announcement. This covers various risks, including, but not limited to, economic conditions, customer demand, foreign currency exchange rates, tax rules, regulation and other factors. As a result, actual future performance may differ from any forecasts contained on this report.

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Highlights



Results for FY2024 Q1(Apr.-Jun.)

While sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, business segment profit and subsequent items were flat year-on-year due to lower sales in the P&S business and higher SG&A expenses

Sales revenue

214.7 billion yen/ +7.1% (year-on-year)

- ✓ Sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, despite the impact of lower sales in the P&S business
- ◆ Business segment profit 22.8 billion yen/ -1.4% (year-on-year)
- Despite positive FX effects in addition to the effects of lower logistics costs and price adjustments, business segment profit was flat year-on-year due to lower sales mainly in the P&S business and higher SG&A expenses

Forecast for FY2024

No change from the previous forecast (announced on May 9, 2024), including the exchange rate precondition and segment breakdown

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Results for FY2024 Q1 (Apr.-Jun.)

While sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, business segment profit and subsequent items were flat year-on-year due to lower sales in the P&S business and higher SG&A expenses.

Sales revenue

Sales revenue increased by 7.1% year-on-year to 214.7 billion yen.

Sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, despite the impact of lower sales in the P&S business.

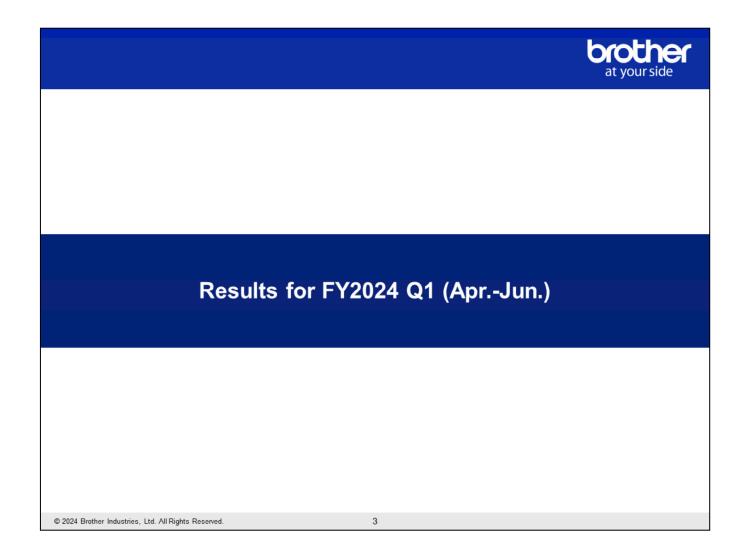
Business segment profit

Business segment profit decreased by 1.4% year-on-year to 22.8 billion yen.

Despite positive FX effects in addition to the effects of lower logistics costs and price adjustments, business segment profit was flat year-on-year due to lower sales mainly in the P&S business and higher SG&A expenses.

Forecast for FY2024

There has been no change from the previous forecast announced on May 9, 2024, including the exchange rate precondition and segment breakdown.



Consolidated Results for FY2024 Q1



While sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, business segment profit and subsequent items were flat year-on-year due to lower sales in the P&S business and higher SG&A expenses

(100 Millions of Yen)

	23Q1	24Q1	Change (w/o FX)	Rate of Change (w/o FX)
Sales revenue	2,004	2,147	143	7.1%
Sales revenue	2,004	2,147	(-32)	(-1.6%)
Ducinose cogment profit	231	228	-3	-1.4%
Business segment profit	231	220	(-49)	(-21.2%)
Business segment profit ratio	11.5%	10.6%		
Other income/expense	-11	-10	1	
Operating profit	220	218	-2	-1.0%
Operating profit ratio	11.0%	10.2%		
Income before tax	227	235	9	3.9%
Net income				
attribute to parent company	162	165	3	1.7%
USD	138.11	156.53	18.42	
EUR	150.35	168.37	18.02	

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Sales revenue in the first quarter of FY2024 was **214.7** billion yen, up 14.3 billion yen from the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Business segment profit decreased by 0.3 billion yen to 22.8 billion yen.

Operating profit decreased by 0.2 billion yen to 21.8 billion yen.

Net income attributable to owners of the parent company increased by 0.3 billion yen to **16.5** billion yen.

Results for FY2024 Q1 by Business Segment



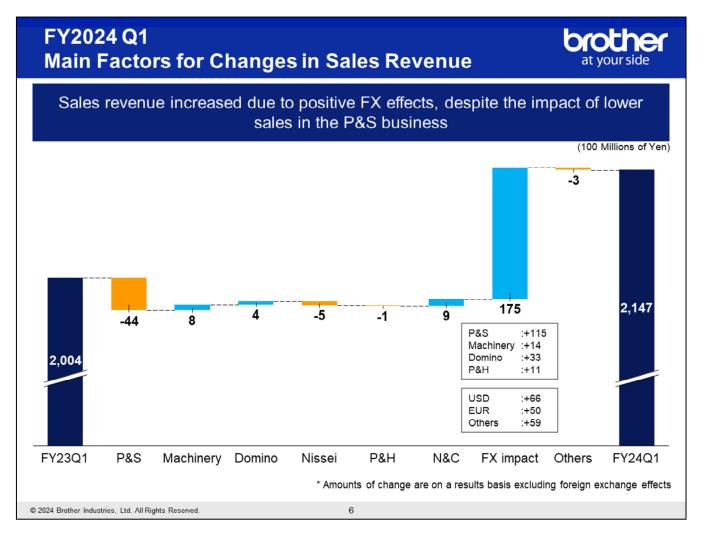
(100 Millions of Yen)

	Sa	ales reveni	ue	Busines	ss segmer	t profit	Operating profit			
	23Q1	24Q1	Change	23Q1	24Q1	Change	23Q1	24Q1	Change	
P&S	1,272	1,343	71	193	179	-14	180	168	-12	
Machinery	188	210	22	10	8	-2	12	9	-3	
Domino	256	293	37	21	18	-4	18	17	-1	
Nissei	53	50	-3	5	1	-4	5	1	-4	
P&H	115	125	10	-6	14	20	-6	13	19	
N&C	89	98	9	5	6	0	6	7	1	
Other	31	28	-3	4	3	0	6	4	-3	
Total	2,004	2,147	143	231	228	-3	220	218	-2	

* "Other" includes elimination amounts from inter-segment transactions.

This slide shows a summary of results for each business segment.

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These are the factors contributing to increases or decreases in sales revenue in the first quarter of FY2024.

-P&S

Sales revenue decreased in both communications and printing equipment and labeling.

Machinery

Although sales of machine tools remained flat, sales revenue increased due to strong sales of industrial sewing machines, reflecting a recovery in market conditions and other factors.

Domino

Although sales of hardware decreased, sales revenue increased due to steady sales of consumables.

Nisse

Sales revenue for both reducers and gears decreased due to weak demand for capital investment.

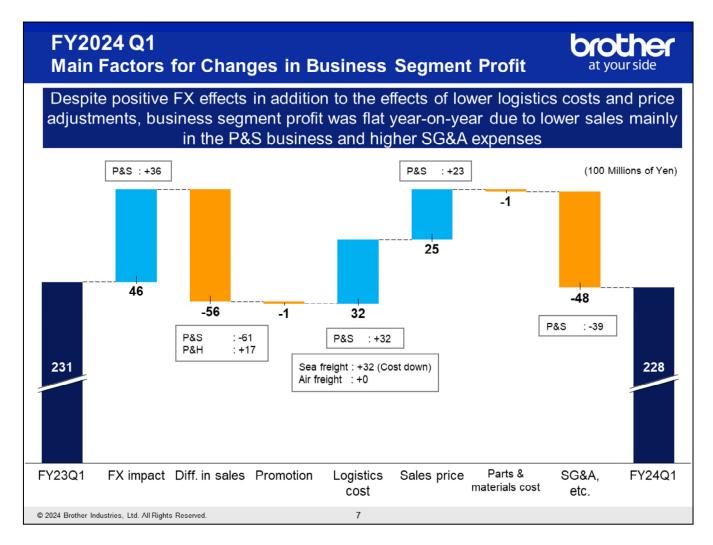
-P&H

Sales revenue was flat year-on-year, with sales of middle- and high-end models remaining sluggish, especially in the Americas.

-N&C

Sales revenue increased, mainly due to strong sales of karaoke systems.

As a result of these factors, in addition to the positive FX effects of 17.5 billion yen resulting from the weaker yen, company-wide sales revenue increased by 14.3 billion yen to **214.7** billion yen.



These are the main factors contributing to increases or decreases in business segment profit.

•FX impact

Foreign exchange effects were positive, mainly in the P&S business.

Differences in sales

Decreased sales in the P&S business contributed to the differences.

Logistics costs

Logistics costs decreased, mainly in the P&S business, due to a stabilization of rising sea freight costs.

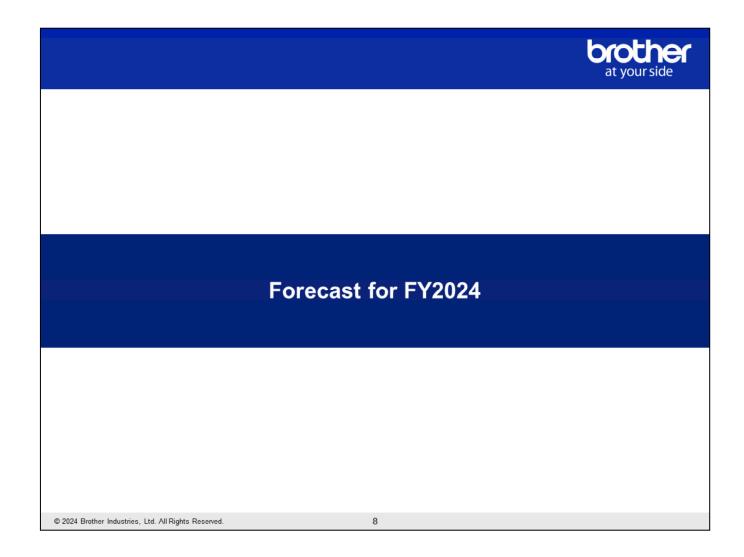
Sales price

There were effects from price adjustments mainly for consumables in the P&S business.

SG&A costs

There was an increase in SG&A costs, especially labor costs, mainly in the P&S business.

As a result of these main factors, business segment profit was **22.8** billion yen, a year-on-year decrease of 0.3 billion yen.



Forecast for FY2024



No change from the previous forecast, including the exchange rate precondition and segment breakdown

(100 Millions of Yen)

	FY23 Actual	FY24 Forecast	Change (w/o FX)	Rate of Change (w/o FX)
Salaa rayanya	8,229	8,800	571	6.9%
Sales revenue	0,229	0,000	(499)	(6.1%)
Duainaga Comment Drafit	750	000	124	16.4%
Business Segment Profit	756	880	(95)	(12.6%)
Business Segment Profit Ratio	9.2%	10.0%		
Other income/expense	-258	0	258	
Operating Profit	498	880	382	76.7%
Operating Profit Ratio	6.1%	10.0%		
Income before Tax	525	880	355	67.5%
Net Income				
attribute to parent company	316	630	314	99.1%
USD	144.40	149.78	5.38	
EUR	156.80	160.45	3.65	
ndustries, Ltd. All Rights Reserved.	9			

There has been no change in the forecast for FY2024 from the previous forecast announced on May 9, 2024, including the exchange rate precondition and segment breakdown.

[Reference] Year-on-year change

Sales revenue is expected to increase by 57.1 billion yen to 880 billion yen.

As for profit,

we expect business segment profit to increase by 12.4 billion yen to 88 billion yen,

operating profit to increase by 38.2 billion yen to 88 billion yen,

and net income attributable to owners of the parent company to increase by 31.4 billion yen to 63 billion yen.

Forecast for FY2024 by Business Segment



(100 Millions of Yen)

	Sa	iles reven	ue	Busines	s Segme	nt Profit	Operating Profit			
	FY23 Actual	FY24 Forecast	Change	FY23 Actual	FY24 Forecast	Change	FY23 Actual	FY24 Forecast	Change	
P&S	5,149	5,228	79	625	604	-21	610	604	-6	
Machinery	774	1,171	397	22	127	105	23	127	104	
Domino	1,096	1,137	41	51	45	-6	-241	45	286	
Nissei	208	234	26	10	14	4	10	14	4	
P&H	505	538	33	25	54	29	25	54	29	
N&C	381	390	9	16	24	8	17	24	7	
Other	116	102	-14	6	12	6	54	12	-42	
Total	8,229	8,800	571	756	880	124	498	880	382	

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* "Other" includes elimination amounts from inter-segment transactions.

This slide shows the forecast for the full year by business segment.

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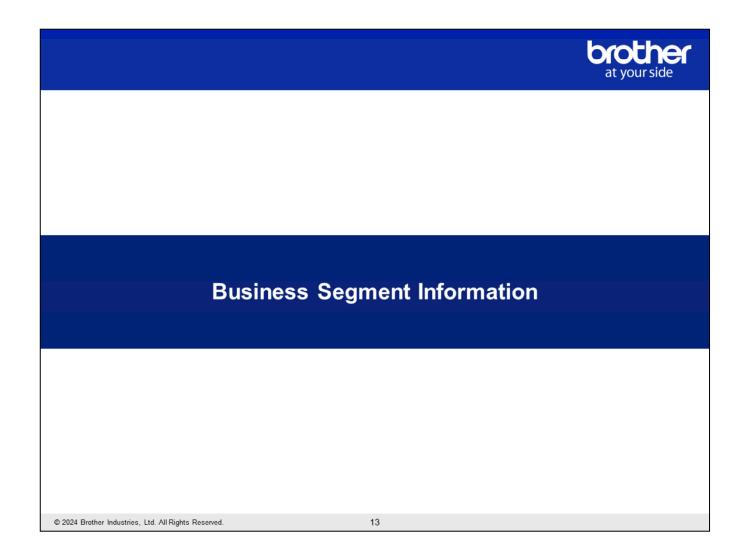
Financial Position (100 Millions of Yen) End of Mar 24 End of Jun24 Change Current assets 5,419 5,702 283 Cash&Cash equivalents 1,661 1,741 79 Inventories 2,080 2,248 168 Non-current assets 3,542 3,672 130 2,280 Total liabilities 2,332 52 Interest-bearing debt 6 0 7,041 Shareholders' equity* 6,680 360 *Equity attributable to owners of the parent company Total assets 8,961 9,374 413 End of Mar 24 End of Jun24 Change 1,655 1,735 79 Net cash Shareholders' equity ratio 74.5% 75.1% 0.6% ROE 5.0% Inventories Inventories / Cost of sales Inventories (Number of months) (100 millions of Yen) 2,338 2,319 2,302 2,228 2,248 2,221 2,116 2,080 1,997 5.7 Jun-22 Sep-22 Dec-22 Mar-23 Jun-23 Sep-23 Dec-23 Mar-24 Jun-24 © 2024 Brother Industries, Ltd. All Rights Reserved. 11

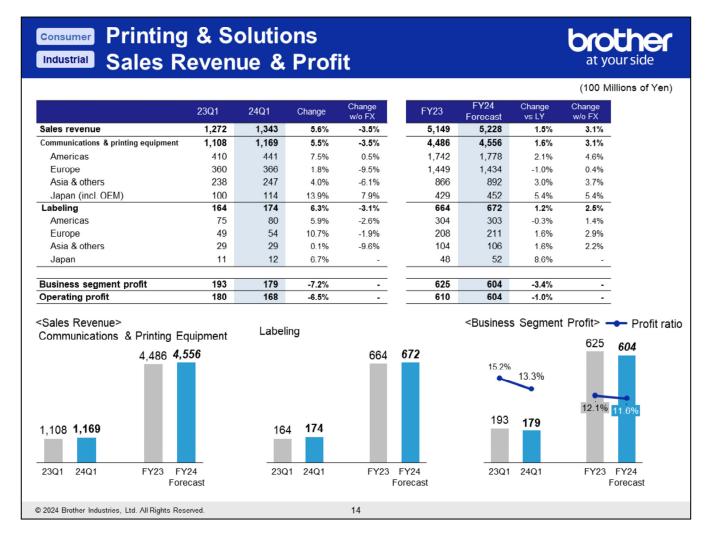
The balance sheet amounts have swelled as a whole as the yen has depreciated.

Inventories and inventory turnover in months are also affected by FX.

Capital Expenditure, Depreciation and Amortization/ R&D Expenses (100 Millions of Yen) Capital Expenditure/Depreciation & Amortization R&D Expenses 502 580 479 Depreciation 454 & Amortization 474 440 438 383 347 FY22 FY23 FY24 FY22 FY24 Fct Fct Act Breakdown by business (CapEx) Breakdown by business (R&D) FY22 FY23 FY24 FY22 FY23 FY24 Industrial area 82 100 118 Industrial area 123 134 147 Consumer area & Others 356 375 462 Consumer area & Others 331 346 355 438 474 580 454 479 502 Total Total * The industrial area combines the Machinery, Domino, and Nissei businesses © 2024 Brother Industries, Ltd. All Rights Reserved. 12

FY2024 capital expenditure, depreciation and amortization, and R&D expenses also remain unchanged from the previous announcement.





In the P&S business, sales revenue in the first quarter was 134.3 billion yen.

Growth on a local currency basis was negative 3.5 %.

Communications & printing equipment

Sales revenue was 116.9 billion yen. Growth on a local currency basis was negative 3.5%.

Sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, despite a decrease in sales of both hardware and consumables.

The details are explained on the next page.

Labeling

Sales revenue was 17.4 billion yen. Growth on a local currency basis was negative 3.1%.

Sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects, despite softer sales of both hardware and consumables.

Business segment profit was 17.9 billion yen.

Profit decreased due to higher SG&A costs, especially labor costs, despite a decrease in logistics costs, the effects from price adjustments for consumables, and positive FX effects.

Sales Revenue Growth Rate / Consumable Ratio / Growth Rate of Hardware



	22Q1	22Q2	22Q3	22Q4	23Q1	23Q2	23Q3	23Q4	24Q1	24Q2	24Q3	24Q4	FY22	FY23
Laser (LBP)														
Sales revenue growth rate	(JPY/YoY)													
Hardware	41%	45%	42%	36%	4%	-17%	-13%	-1%	-5%	-	-	-	41%	-8%
Consumable	18%	-8%	0%	4%	3%	15%	11%	18%	11%	-	-	-	3%	11%
Sales revenue growth rate	(LC/YoY)													
Hardware	25%	23%	21%	23%	-1%	-21%	-16%	-9%	-12%	-	-	-	23%	-13%
Consumable	7%	-20%	-13%	-6%	-3%	7%	5%	7%	0%	-	-	-	-8%	4%
Inkjet (IJP)														
Sales revenue growth rate	(JPY/YoY)													
Hardware	18%	32%	46%	39%	5%	3%	-5%	-1%	18%	-	-		33%	0%
Consumable	19%	-2%	8%	13%	15%	16%	0%	5%	-1%	-	-	-	9%	8%
Sales revenue growth rate	(LC/YoY)													
Hardware	8%	16%	30%	27%	2%	-2%	-8%	-7%	10%	-	-	-	20%	-4%
Consumable	11%	-12%	-2%	4%	9%	9%	-4%	-3%	-9%	-	-		0%	2%
Cosumable ratio	53%	47%	49%	53%	54%	53%	54%	56%	55%				51%	54%
Cosumable ratio	53%	47%	49%	53%	54%	53%	54%	50%	55%	-	-	-	51%	54%
Growth rate of hardware Units/YoY)														
Laser (LBP)	14%	9%	3%	8%	-1%	-21%	-8%	-6%	-13%	-	-		8%	-9%
Inkjet (IJP)	8%	16%	42%	43%	4%	0%	-3%	-8%	13%	-	-	-	26%	-2%

This slide shows the sales revenue growth rates of major printing products in the first quarter (local currency basis, year-on-year comparison).

The laser (LBP) sales growth was negative 12% for hardware and positive 0% for consumables. The rates for inkjet (IJP) sales were positive 10% for hardware and negative 9% for consumables.

[Hardware]

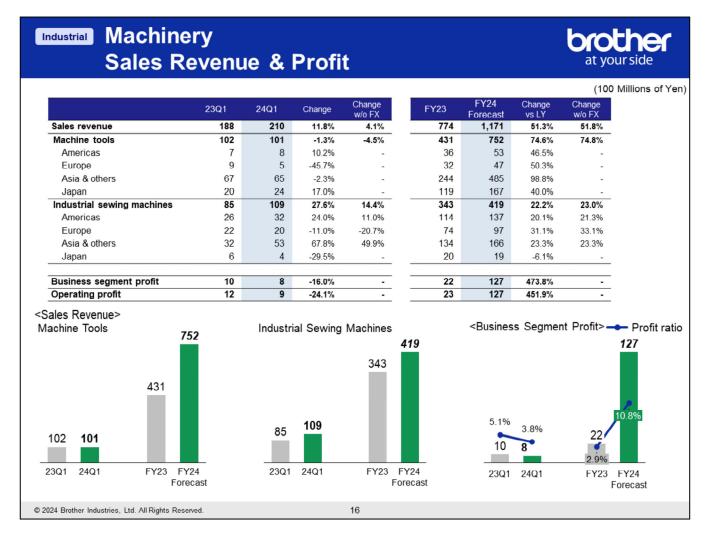
Sales of laser hardware decreased in each region, especially in Europe.

As for inkjets, sales remained steady in both developed and emerging countries.

[Consumables]

Sales of laser consumables were generally flat year-on-year, although there was some slight variation between regions.

Sales of inkjet consumables decreased in Europe and the U.S.



In the Machinery business, sales revenue in the first quarter was 21.0 billion yen.

Growth on a local currency basis was positive 4.1%.

· Machine tools

Sales revenue was **10.1** billion yen. Growth on a local currency basis was negative 4.5%.

Although demand for capital investment in the automotive and general machinery markets is trending toward recovery, the market recovery in China has not reached the anticipated level of momentum.

Despite positive FX effects, sales of machine tools remained flat compared to the same period last year, when sales had picked up due to the effect of last-minute demand before price increases.

·Industrial sewing machines

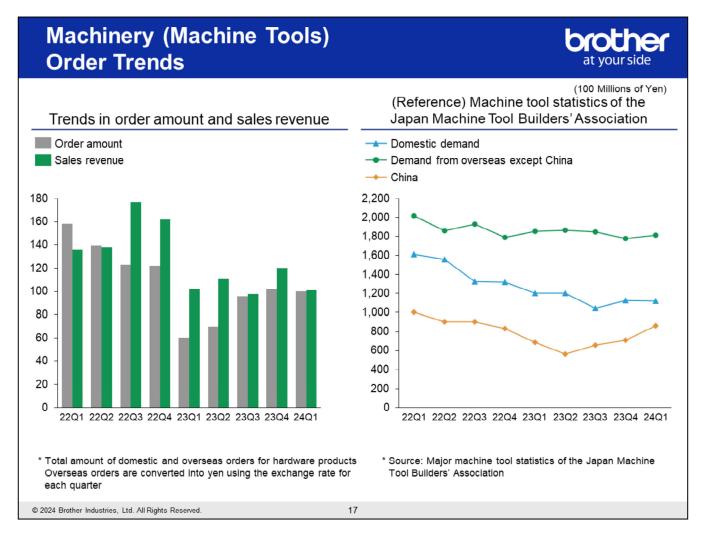
Sales revenue was 10.9 billion yen. Growth on a local currency basis was positive 14.4%.

As for industrial sewing machines, sales were strong due to a recovery in demand for capital investment for apparel in Asia as well as a shift in sales from the previous quarter to this quarter.

Sales of garment printers remained steady in the Americas and China.

Business segment profit was 0.8 billion yen.

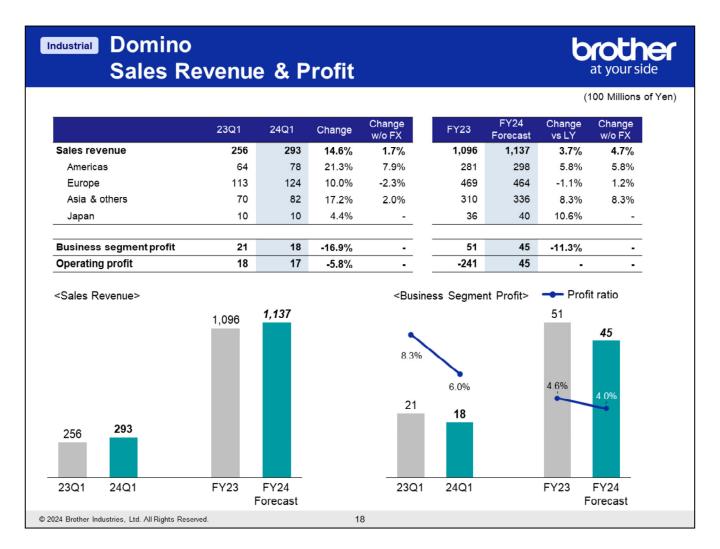
Profit decreased, mainly due to an increase in SG&A costs.



This slide shows trends in sales revenue and order amounts by quarter.

The order amounts are the aggregate amounts of orders for hardware products from both Japan and overseas.

Although order amounts have been on a recovery trend since bottoming out in the first quarter of FY2023, and inquiries are steadily increasing, closing deals on those inquiries is taking time.



In the Domino business, sales revenue in the first quarter was 29.3 billion yen.

Growth on a local currency basis was positive 1.7%.

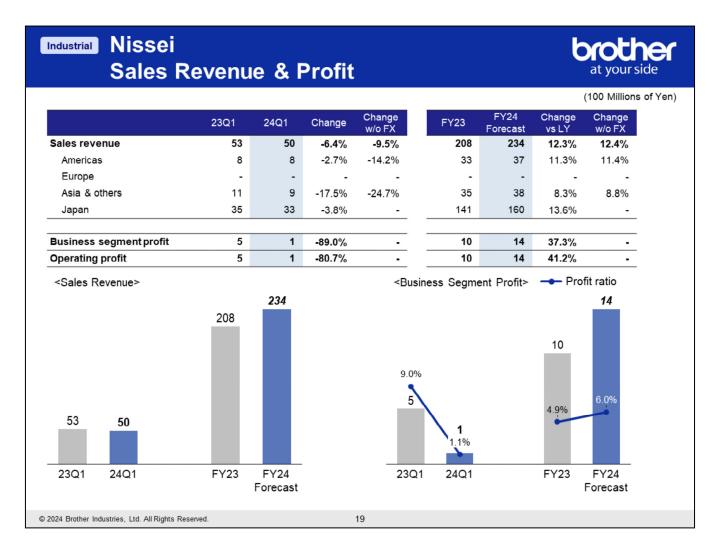
Sales of both C&M and DP hardware decreased due to sluggish demand for capital investment, mainly in Europe.

Consumables remained steady.

Overall, sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects.

Business segment profit was 1.8 billion yen.

Profit decreased due to an increase in SG&A costs, including costs for labor and for the renewal of core business systems.



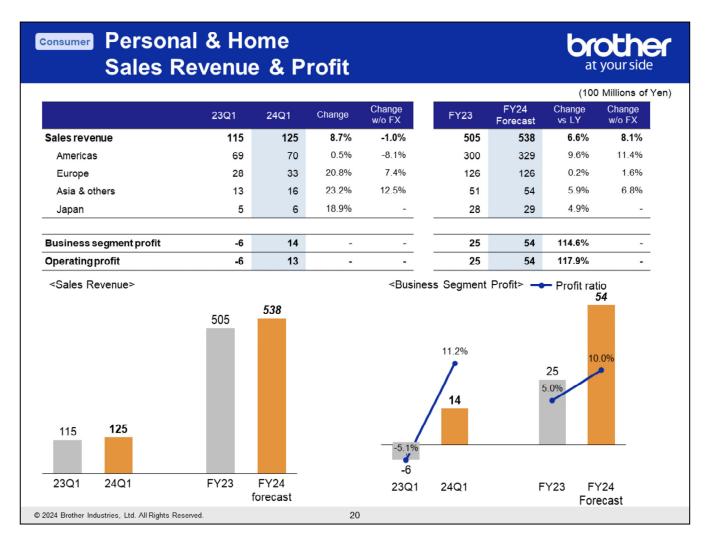
In the Nissei business, sales revenue in the first quarter was 5.0 billion yen.

Growth on a local currency basis was negative 9.5%.

Revenue decreased due to weak sales of both reducers and gears as a result of sluggish demand for capital investment.

Business segment profit was 0.1 billion yen.

Profit decreased significantly due to lower sales revenue and higher SG&A costs.



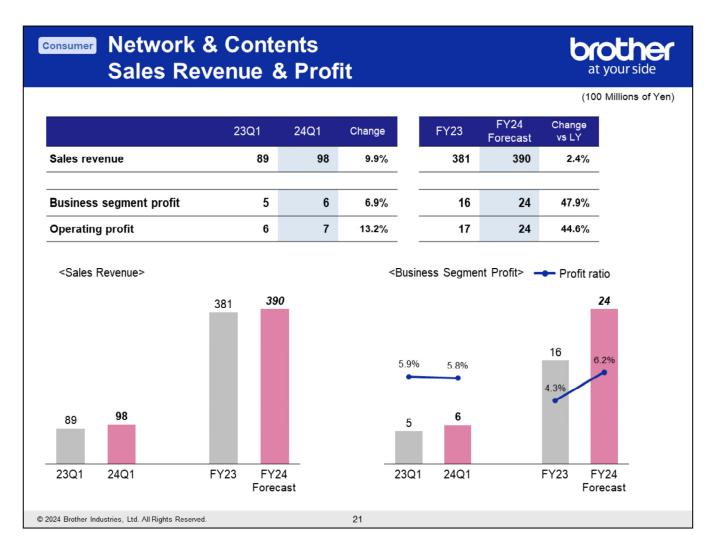
In the P&H business, sales revenue in the first quarter was **12.5** billion yen. Growth on a local currency basis was negative 1.0%.

Although sales of middle- and high-end models remained sluggish in the Americas due to inflation and high interest rates, sales in other regions remained steady.

Overall, sales revenue increased due to positive FX effects.

Business segment profit was 1.4 billion yen.

Profit turned positive as gross profit margins improved, including factory operating rates returning to normal.



In the N&C business, sales revenue in the first quarter was **9.8** billion yen, a year-on-year increase of 9.9%.

Sales revenue increased mainly due to strong sales of new karaoke systems that were launched in the previous fiscal year.

Business segment profit was 0.6 billion yen.

Profit increased as a result of the effects of higher sales.



Hoshizaki Factory Acquires RBA Platinum Certification



Hoshizaki Factory, which produces key components for inkjet products, has acquired RBA Platinum certification.

Achieved sustainability targets related to RBA certification ahead of schedule.

Hoshizaki Factory acquires RBA Platinum certification

- The Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) is a global organization that aims for member companies to fulfill their social responsibilities through the development of sustainable supply chains.
- Acquired the Platinum certification with the highest score of 200 points for proper management in the audit areas of labor, health and safety, environment, ethics, and supply chain management system





Hoshizaki Factory (Nagoya city, Aichi)

RBA Platinum Certificate

Achieved the sustainability targets stated in the medium-term business strategy
 "CS B2024" ahead of schedule

FY2024 Target	Acquire RBA gold	certification at three Group manufactu	ıring sites	
	Date	Site	Certification acquired	
	September 2022	BROTHER INDUSTRIES (VIETNAM) LTD.	Gold*	
Progress	October 2023	BROTHER TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) LTD.	Platinum	
-	November 2023	BROTHER INDUSTRIES (PHILIPPINES), INC.	Platinum	
	May 2024 (current)	Hoshizaki Factory	Platinum	
		* Certification is expected to be renewed i	n FY2024 at Silver or high	
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The Brother Group has set "pursuing a responsible value chain" as one of its five materiality issues, and its target for FY2024 is to "acquire RBA gold certification at three Group manufacturing sites."

The Hoshizaki Factory, which produces key components for inkjet products, has acquired RBA Platinum certification.

This is the fourth site in the Brother Group to acquire RBA certification, following BROTHER INDUSTRIES (VIETNAM) LTD., which acquired Gold certification in FY2022, and BROTHER TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) LTD. and BROTHER INDUSTRIES (PHILIPPINES), INC., which acquired Platinum certification in FY2023, and is the third site to acquire Platinum certification.

The company was recognized for its proper management in the audit areas of labor, health and safety, the environment, ethics, and supply chain management systems, receiving 200 points, which is the highest possible score.

Going forward, we will continue our efforts throughout the supply chain to contribute to the development of a sustainable society.



Thank you for your continued support.

Reference: Brother's business areas



в	usiness areas	Bu	ısiness se	gments	Ar	ea (Main pi	roducts & servic	e portfolio)	
		Nissei				2		- In the		
<u></u>	■ Machinery/FA			ustrial ipment						
Industrial		Machinery		Industrial Sewing Machines	Reducer	Gear	Machine tool		rial Sewing achine	
		~	Machines	Garment Printing		4				
area	Industrial Printing		Domino		Garment printer	Coding and	Digital printing equipment			
	Timung	S Pr	Laballana	Commercial & Industrial Labeling						
Cor	Printing	Printing 8 Solutions	Lab Printing & Solutions	Labeling	Home & Office Labeling	Commercial &			W3	
Consumer	9	u. Ko	Communic Printing E		Industrial use label printer	Mobile printer	Labeling system	Printer	All-in-One	
	Home &	ome & Personal & Home		Home		*	5.8	6		
area	Culture	Network & Contents			Home sewing ma	achine H	lome cutting machine	Online	Karaoke system	
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